INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

PRICE: HALF ANNA

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XX NO. 284 BOMBAY FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1932 EIGHT PAGES

NO PROSPECT OF GANDHIJI'S RELEASE

Press Report Contradicted

No Indication Of Change In Official Policy

ASSEMBLY MEMBERS ON THEIR FUTILE ATTEMPTS TO BRING ABOUT RECONCILIATION

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

Inquiries in authoratative circles show that "re is no truth whatever in press report to the effect that owing to Lord Sankey's pressure, Sir Samuel Hoare has agreed to Mr. Gandhi's release and that Government of India acting under the advice of the British Cabinet are now in favour of it.

NO INDICATION OF CHANGE.

There is no indication that official policy with regard to Mr. Gandhi and the Civil Disobedience Movement has been altered in any way from that laid down by the Secretary of State on April 20 and repeated in a number of statements, both in India and England.

LOBBY RUMOURS.

Lobby circles of the Assembly where non-official members have been freely discussing the situation for some days on the authority of information available to them hold that there is no prospect of Mr. Gandhi being released in as much as the Viceroy had in his reply to Sir Sivaswami Iyer and Maulana Shaukat Ali definitely made it clear that Mr. Gandhi could secure his release only by dissociating himself from the civil disobedience movement and that on the other hand that Mr. Gandhi had in view of these communications from the Viceroy taken the opportunity of letting Government know his view namely that he stood committed to civil disobedience both as an article of faith and as a political weapon of warfare till Government conceded fully the national demands formulated by the Indian National Congress.

FUTILE ATTEMPTS.

Assembly members therefore hold that no purpose would be served by their continuing pursuit of their attempts to bring about reconciliation when both sides stood committed to their respective positions. This development suggests that if Mr. Gandhi had to launch on another fast he would do so in jail and all that Government would do would be to keep him in comfort and provide him the necessary facilities to carry on his anti-untouchability campaign and negotiations both before and during the fast.—A.P.

DR. ALAM DEVELOPES TUMOR

Operation Necessary

LAHORE, Nov. 24.

At question time in the Punjab Legislative Council the Finance Member said that Dr. Mohd. Alam at present was in the Mayo Hospital and that in addition to other disorders of a serious nature he had developed tumor in the bladder and medical authorities were of opinion that operation would be necessary for its removal.—A.P.

TRANSFER ORDER FOR BAJAJ

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Chaturvedi, Secretary to Sjt. Jamnalal Bajaj, writes to say that he has received a communication from the under Secretary to the Government of Bombay (Home Department) stating that orders were given for the transfer of Sjt. Bajaj to Yeravda from Dhulia on the 22nd instant.

GOVT. EAR EXPERT

KARACHI, Nov. 24.

In response to Acharya Gidwani's telegram offering the services of ear expert, Doctor Amesu, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj wires that Government is arranging expert examination and adds that he is feeling somewhat better.—A. P.

Release Of Jamnalal Bajaj Urged

(From A Correspondent).

TUMSAR, Nov. 24.

A meeting of all Agarwals and leading citizens of Tumsar expresses deep anxiety about the alarming health condition of Seth Jamnalalji Bajaj and requests the Government to release him immediately unconditionally.

Outrages Act For Chittagong District

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

A Gazette extraordinary announces the extension of the provisions of Chapter one of the Bengal Supression of Terrorist Outrages Act to Chittagong District.—A.P.

NAZI PROPOSAL REJECTED

No Presidial Cabinet Under Hitler

BERLIN, Nov. 24.

It is understood that President Hindenburg has rejected the Nazi suggestion of a presidial cabinet under Herr Hitler.—Reuter.

"Congress Stronger Than It Ever Was"

Mardy Jones On Wilkinson's Statement

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

Interviewed regarding Miss Wilkinson's statement that the Congress was beaten, Mr. Mardy Jones who has travelled extensively in the South told me: "It seems to me incredible that Miss Wilkinson should have made statement attributed to her as usually she is very shrewd and not easily misled. If that statement as reported is correct, then I cannot agree with her view. I am positive that the Congress is strong in India to-day than it ever was. It may be the Congress activities on the surface may have been curbed by the action of the Government in operation of the Ordinances, but I have found everywhere I have visited, including Indian States that there is an ever growing current of opinion among Indians of all classes in favour of Swaraj as advocated by the Congress party.

Given real self-Government with responsibility, India will settle down to constitutional government and will play her part in the world affairs as one of the greatest of World Powers.

PAY AMERICAN DEBT IN BAR GOLD

COMMONS CHEER EX-CHANCELLOR'S ADVOCACY

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Nov. 24.

In the House of Commons Sir Robert Horne, Ex-chancellor of Exchequer emphasised that Britain ought to pay the next instalment of American debt because default after Britain's extraordinary recovery would be disastrous to the whole credit structure of the world. He advocated payment in bar gold without reduction of fiduciary issue. He urged the suspension of sinking fund as the obvious way of dealing with American debt and said that Britain could still buy what she required from countries on sterling basis. He expressed the opinion that American action would delay the revival of world prosperity. He pointed out Britain's strength as the centre of the great sterling area representing more than half the world's trade and urged Government to assume responsibility of leadership in currency matters.

"STRONGEST CASE."

The House of Commons cheered Sir R. Hornes' advocacy of payment of American debt in gold. Undoubtedly majority of parliamentary opinion supports Government's view that Britain has the strongest case for postponement of next payment.

Britain Not To Pay?

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Foreign Office and Treasury are now studying the text of Mr. Hoover's refusal to postpone December debt instalment and despite the fact that official circles decline to make any comment whatsoever. The "Evening Standard" understands that Britain will not pay the instalment.

Disappointment is expressed in official circles in Rome at Mr. Hoover's attitude and no indication is given of Italy's intentions, though it is believed that her quarter million sterling instalment will be remitted.

In Berlin, the official quarters share the British view that there is need for further explanation to the United States.

The French are still reticent but there is strong Parliamentary opposition to any December remittance to the United States.—Reuter's Special.

French Reaction To Hoover's Note

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Paris.—The reaction of the French Government to Mr Hoover's debts note which is now being deciphered is likely to be influenced by Britain's attitude and French Parliament's particularly by the latters.

It is known that Parliament is strongly opposed to the continuance of payment on the existing basis in view of the prolongation of German moratorium at Lausanne.

Papers criticise Mr. Hoover and point out that due to his initiative German payments have been suspended.

(Earlier News On Page 12).

Calcutta—It is understood that Sir Hassan Suhrawardy, vice-chancellor of the Calcutta University, will address the Punjab University Convocation on December the 23rd.—A. P.

Extension Of Ordinance "A Public Scandal"

MR. BAKHLE CITES EX-MINISTER AND EX-JUDGE IN FAVOUR OF HIS CONTENTION

"GENTLEMEN WITH SELF-RESPECT CANNOT OBEY PAROLE ORDER"

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The proceedings of the Bombay Legislative Council to-day were dull and dreary.

The Council Hall itself presented a deserted appearance as a number of seats were empty and the few councillors who spoke for or against the Bill, did so more or less before the empty benches.

Before the House adjourned for the day, the Hon. President intimated that he would close discussion on the first reading of the Ordinance Bill to-morrow (Friday).

Resuming the debate on the Ordinance Bill in the Legislative Council, Mr. R. R. Bakhale (nominated) criticising the Bill said that Government had come to the Council for the approval of the measure as they thought that the extension of the Ordinance by an executive fiat would be too much of a public scandal. He quoted Sir Abdur Rahim ex-Judge of the Calcutta High Court who characterised the Ordinance as absolutely inconsistent with the principles of criminal jurisprudence. He then cited Mr. B. V. Jadhav, late Minister of the Bombay Government, who in his speech in the Legislative Assembly said that the Government had made many Congressmen than the Congress itself by sending indiscriminately men to jail on suspicion, who on their release from jail became confirmed Congressmen.

Mr. Bakhale then pointed out the hardships which the trustees of the Bhagini Seva Mandir of Ville Parle had to undergo, because they rented a part of their premises to the Hindu Mahila Ashram who indulged in civil disobedience movement. The Ashramites were asked to vacate by the trustees of the Mandir owing to their political activities but they failed to do so and the Ashram was declared an illegal association by the Government, with the consequence that the Bhagini Seva Mandir was seized by the police. Three of the trustees of the Bhagini Seva Mandir were members of the Servants of India Society including Mr. G. K. Deodhar from whom the Government demanded an undertaking that the premises would not be rented to any political organisation. The Government were informed that the Hindu Mahila Ashram were given notice to vacate before that body was declared illegal, but this did not satisfy the Government and nothing has been done yet to restore the premises of the Bhagini Seva Mandir.

He urged the Government to listen to the voice of the councillors who represent the people in regard to the Ordinance.

IN DEFENCE OF ORDINANCE.

The Hon. Sir Ghulamhussein Hidayatulla (General Member) then read some portions from the representations of the Millowners' Association to the Governmen in which they complained bitterly that Bombay mill industry had suffered terribly by the civil disobedience movement and that a number of mills were placed on the "Boycott List" by the Congress. He was therefore surprised to hear the speech of Mr. J. B. Petit, who represented the Millowners' Association against the Ordinance Bill.

A commercial magnate like Sir Purshottamdas was also boycotted, because he advised the supporters of the civil disobedience movement to lift the ban from the cotton merchants.

Mr. G. L. Winterbotham (Chamber of Commerce) supported the Bill.

ON PAROLE.

Dr. M. D. Gilder (Bombay North) opposed the Bill as he was instructed to do so by his constituency. Dr. Gilder asked the Advocate-General whether it was consistent with self-respect of a gentleman to go to the police station once, twice or thrice a day as directed under the Ordinance and say to the police officer with an humble bow "Salam Sab" (Laughter).

Mr. L. R. Gokhale (Poona) urged the Government to extend the operations of the Bill for only six months. As circumstances might change by that time and the situation in the country become normal again.

GOVT.'S CHAMPION.

Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed (Poona) pointed out that apart from now, as far as 1908 leaders like th late Sir P. M. Mehta and the late Mr. G. K. Gokhale, left the Indian National Congress on account of its unconstitutional activities and established Convention of their own.

Continuing Sir Rafiuddin said they wanted democracy then why should they be afraid if the powers under the Ordinance were given to Indian Sub-Inspectors, Indian Inspectors and Superintendents as most of their officers now were Indians.

IRRELEVANT.

Sir Rafiuddin was then referring to Sir Ghulam Hussein but the Hon. President interrupting remarked: "The Hon. Member is now really going into irrelevant matters". This created a peal of laughter and Sir Rafiuddin resumed his seat by urging the House to support the Government.

Mr. A. Master (Nominated) supported the Bill and gave some instances to show that the present law of the land was inadequate to meet with the situation.

Mr. S. H. Prater (Nominated) and Rao Bahadur S. N. Angadi (Belgaum) supported the Bill.

The Council then adjourned till to-day (Friday).

RELEASED EDITOR ORDINANCED

Arrests And Convictions Galore In Bengal

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

The Fourth Presidency Magistrate of Jorabagan sentenced Sudhir Kumar Ghose, described as a 'dictator' of the North Calcutta Congress Committee (declared unlawful) to one year's rigorous imprisonment for the possession of unauthorised news sheets.

Harendranath Ghose, described as the secretary to the Howrah District Congress Committee, was arrested under the Emergency Powers Ordinance.

RE-ARRESTED.

Khitish Roy Chaudhuri, editor of the 'Desher Bani,' a vernacular paper of Noakhali, who was sentenced to one year's rigorous on charge of sedition, was on release this mrning from the Alipore Jail, rearrested under the Benga. Ordinance.

Manoj Das, an employee of the 'Anand Bazar Patrika' was arrested and detained under the Ordinance.—A. P.

GANDHI ASHRAMITE ARRESTED

MRS. TARABEN MODI

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 24.

Mrs. Taraben Modi, an inmate of Mahatma Gandhi's Ashram, has been arrested in the Kaira District while doing Congress propaganda.

Inmates of the ashram have adopted jail diet in sympathy with political prisoners.—A.P.

HINDU SABHA

Working Committee Meeting Postponed

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

Dr. Moonje announces that the meeting of the Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha previously convened to meet at Allahabad on 2nd December has been postponed for the present.—A.P.

ALL-PARTIES CONFERENCE TO BE POSTPONED FOR A WEEK?

Maulana Abul Kalam's Wire To Sheikh Abdul Majeed

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The All-Parties Conference, Allahabad which was fixed for Monday December 5, has been postponed for a week. Although no official announcement to this effect has yet been made a telegraphic message received by Sheikh Abdul Majeed, President of the Khilafat Committee from Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to-day reveals that the postponement of the Conference for a week is certain.

MUSLIM CONFERENCE.

In reply to a message from Sheikh Abdul Majeed in connection with the Muslim Conference which was fixed to take place on December 1 and 2 at Lucknow, Maulana Abul Kalam has advised Sheikh Abdul Majeed to convene the Muslim Conference on December 9 and 10 at Allahabad instead of calling it on December 1 and 2 at Lucknow.

The message also states that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has given this advice after consulting Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya who has reached Calcutta with a view to consult members of the European and the Anglo-Indian communities and get their consent to the Allahabad settlement.

"It is evident that when the Muslim Conference is postponed for a week the sessions of the Unity Conference and the All-Parties Conference which are to follow the Muslim Conference will be automatically postponed to later dates.

BUSINESS QUIET IN LONDON STOCK MARKET

Increase In Price Of Gold

LONDON, Nov. 24.

On London stock markets this morning business was quiet and movements were mostly lower reflecting disappointment with United States War Debts attitude. Sterling on New York was three decimal two four-half and British Government Stocks and leadling internationals were quoted about half down.

There was increase of eleven pence halfpenny in the price of gold to-day at one hundred twenty-six decimal one nought half per fine ounce. This is highest price touched since December 2.—B. O. W.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

RUPEE ONE

For first Sixteen Words

ONE ANNA

For Each Additional Words
Terms:—CASH with Order

INSTRUCTIONS

The full name and address of the advertiser is required not necessarily for publication. Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box Number The words Apply Box No ..... Advertisement Department "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for
Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box No ..... Advertisement Department "Bombay Chronicle" Office. Bombay.
Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month
A small advertisement in these columns will bring you an IMMEDIATE REPLY for a QUICK SALE

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Post Box No. 322 Tel No. 22337

DAILY EDITION.

	Local	Mofussil
1 Year	Rs. 15-0	Rs. 15-0
6 Months ..	Rs. 8-0	Rs. 8-0
3 Months	Rs. 4-0	Rs. 4-0
1 Month	Rs. 1-8	Rs. 1-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs 55 Per Year.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local	Mofussil
Yearly	Rs. 4-0	Rs. 5-0
Half-Yearly ..	Rs. 2-8	Rs. 3-0

FOREIGN:
Yearly ..... Rs 10
Half-Yearly ..... Rs. 6
Payment Strictly in Advance.
Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than 6 months.

Situations Vacant

AN ELDERLY LADY intelligent and religious knowing English, Hindustani, Tamil (If possible with a little Nursing experience to act as GOVERNESS to a respectable South Indian Gentleman with three children in Bombay. Salary as per qualification. Apply to Box No. 1892 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle"
A R 8502

WANTED—CLERK, knowing Typewriting and Gujerati Accounts. Also Gujerati History Graduates Surveyors and Draughtsmen. Apply personally GENERAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, Oak Lane, Opposite University Gardens, Bombay.
A R 8499

WANTED—COMPETITORS for "Mani Cross Word Competition" Bataitola, B. G. P. O. (Howrah). Monthly competition. Also ladies asd gentlemen on good pay and commission. Ask leaflets. MANAGER.
A R8498

Agents Wanted

WANTED—AGENTS in every Town for our Horn and Pearl Buttons, S. CHANDRA BROS. & CO., P. O. Faridabad, Dacca.
A R 8488

Trade Announcement.

WANTED—PROPOSALS for supplying Electric Power for (1) Street lighting, (2) Pumping Water and (3) Shops and private residences in the Jaunpur Municipality by reliable Firms. Intending firms to correspond with the undersigned at once, stating their terms. CHAIRMAN, Municipal Board, Jaunpur.
5848

SALE, SALE.—Books on Various Subjects:—Law. Medicine. Engineering, Science. Literature Philosophy, Mathematics. Novels, School, College and Prize Books:—At great reduced Prices. MRS. RADHABAI ATMARAM SAGOON. Book-Seller 183 Princess Street, Bombay.
T 8419

Medical

KESH KALA is an ideal Hair Tonic to prevent Grey Hair. It is also useful for the old to restore Grey Hair to natural colour. Popular; Perry; Akberaly; S. Brothers.
M R 8501

Matrimonials

WANTED—A suitable MATCH for a highly educated Khatri Girl of 23, coming of a very highly respectable and rich family of very advanced views. Recently returned from England, qualified as a doctor. An I.C.S. or I.M.S. or a gentleman of very high social status in life may apply with a copy of a recent Photograph. No caste restrictions. Apply to Box No. 1891, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
M R 8500

Educational

WANTED—For January, 1933 session candidates for admission into SUB-ENGINEER, OVERSEER and SUB-OVERSEER Classes of the CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, Lucknow, managed by the Hindu Education Society, Lucknow, Registered under Act XXI of 1860. Apply for prospectus to the PRINCIPAL.
E 5832.

Loan

STATE MONOPOLY.

WANTED CAPITALIST or Capitalists with Rs. 30,000 to work out a STATE MONOPOLY. Apply Box No. 1889, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
L R8487

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch Per Insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 21st December, 1932 to 7th JANUARY, 1933, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors.
WALLACE & CO.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

Bombay Municipality

NOTIFICATION.

REPAYMENT OF RS. 52,91,500 OUT OF RS. 147 LAKHS LOAN FOR TANSA WATER WORKS.

DUE 1ST JANUARY, 1933.

DEBENTURE HOLDERS are informed that the IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA, BOMBAY, have been appointed AGENTS of the Corporation for the repayment of the PRINCIPAL due.
DEBENTURES WILL CEASE TO CARRY INTEREST from 1st January 1933 and will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA, BOMBAY.
(Sd.) H. K. KIRPALANI,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 15th October, 1932.
5721

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PARTNERSHIP subsisting between HAJI JOOSAB HABIB, HAJI SAKOOR HABIB, HAJI NOORMAHOMED HABIB, HAJI SATAR HABIB and HAJI ALLI HAJI MAHOMED and LATIF HAJI MAHOMED under the name, style and firm of Haji Mahomed Habib Hassan Dada and doing business at Bombay, Madras and Calcutta has been dissolved as and from 13th September, 1932.
Dated this 24th day of November, 1932.
MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Attorneys for Haji Joosab Habib, Haji Sakoor Habib, Haji Noormahomed Habib and Haji Satar Habib.
5849

IN YOUTHFUL IGNORANCE, A WOMAN WAS (TO HIM) ALL IN ALL ! ! !.....
But When Reason Opened his eyes (he saw) life was a divine call
For this see this MASTER PIECE TALKIE,
COMMENCING from TO-MORROW:—
SAROJ MOVITONE SUPER PRODUCTION

BHARTRUHARI

Featuring: MASTER ASHARAFKHAN
OF STAGE FAME
and Miss ZEBUNISSA and MR. CHANDRARAO
OF SCREEN FAME
BEAUTIFUL SONGS DELIGHTFUL DIALOGUE PLEASANT SCENERY, etc.
Forget Not To See this to-morrow
AT YOUR PALACIAL TALKIE HOUSE

WELLINGTON TALKIES
DHOBI TALAO.

THE EXCELSIOR
To-day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
"HOT FOR PARIS"
A FOX ALL-TALKING SINGING, DANCING PICTURE with
VICTOR MCLAGLEN
FIFI DORSAY
EL BRENDEL

THE EMPIRE
To-day at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
THE MOST INSPIRING SPECTACLE OF ALL TIMES
"THE KING OF KINGS"
(Synchronised with sound and music.)

THE EMPRESS
6-30 and 10 p.m.
RALPH LYNN
TOM WALLS
in
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS"

N. Y. K. LINE
FOR COLOMBO SINGAPORE CHINA AND JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
Yasukuni Maru	12000	.....	@26 Nov
Tokiwa Maru	6972	30 Nov	4 Dec
Hakone Maru	10500	.....	@12 Dec
x Ginyo Maru	9000	1 Dec	11 Dec
Taian Maru	3159	5 Dec	17 Dec
Suwa Maru	11000	....	@27 Dec.
*Tokushima Maru	5976	19 Dec.	31 Dec
Fushimi Maru	11000	.....	@10 Jan

*Do not carry passengers.
x Calls at Colombo.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille.
Hakusan Maru	10500	7 Dec.	24 Dec.
Haruna Maru	10500	21 Dec	7 Jan

REDUCTION IN FIRST, SECOND and STEERAGE CLASS PASSAGE FARES between BOMBAY and KOBE

	Single £	Return £
First	35	50
Second	22	40
Steerage ...	10-10	...

INDIAN STUDENT, travelling 3rd class by our European Line steamers from Colombo to Europe are allowed 15 per cent. reduction on Single and 7½ per cent reduction on Return 3rd Class A rate tickets. Also Free Second Class Railway Tickets issued between Palaimaner Pier and Colombo.

Subject to alteration without notice.

Besides the above Company operates Orient-Vancouver-Seattle South-American West Coast and Japan-Australia Services.

Cheapest Round the World Tour Rates
Full particulars please apply to:—

Nippon Yussen Kaisha
Lloyd Bank Building.
270—272 Hornby Road.
'Phone No. 20279
Telegram: 'YUSEN.'

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & CO.
120, APolla Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD, OPP. AMIN NURSERY

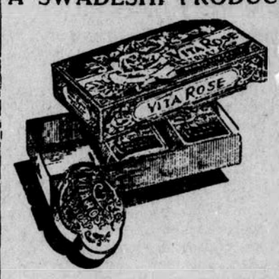
Under instructions from Messrs Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. P. G. Singhanee, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY), FRIDAY, the 25th inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

LOT NO. 2.—ALL that piece of Pension and Tax Land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house at Girgaum Back Road, admeasuring about 286 square yards according to some title deeds and about 151 square yards according to a Deed of Rectification, dated 11th April, 1891, Municipal "D" Ward No. 1441; Street No. 254, and bounded on the North by Girgaum Back Road; on the East by the sweeper's passage; on the South by a common passage and on the West by a Public passage.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. P. G. Singhanee, at Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

VITA ROSE SOAP
A SWADESHI PRODUCT



Its rich snow-white lather and rose fragrance will make your bath pleasant and refreshing.
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY
BOMBAY Tel 21789

SHIPPING

ARRIVAL.
Bombay, Nov. 24.
Strathaird, Townshend, London.

DEPARTURES
Bombay, Nov. 25.
Jaladuta, Baker, Moulmein.
C|o. Lahore, Bremnen, Karachi.

LOADING.
Bombay, Nov. 24.
Steamer Vasna for Busrah
Steamer Gairsoppa for Calcutta.
S.S. Jaladuta:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jaladuta will sail to-day for Moulmein with ballast.
S.S. C|o Lahore:—The K.N Co's steamer City of Lahore will sail to-day for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

RUGBY MATCHES

Barrow Beat Bradford

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Nov. 24.

Leeds.—At the meeting of the Rugby League (Northern Union) Management Committee, it was decided that results of the following matches, which were abandoned owing to weather conditions on October 29 should be:—
Barrow beat Bradford; Salford beat Wakefield; St. Helens beat Batley; but the match between Rochdale and Swinton was ordered to be replayed.—Reuter.

Godambe Entertained At Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, November 23.

The Baronet Cricket Club gave a hearty reception to Mr. S. R. Godambe a representative of the All-India XI that visited England at Shanti-kunji bungalow, Shahibag, where all the prominent local cricketers were invited. In the beginning Mr. Godambe gave an interesting account of the tour and added that Indian cricketers had done much to enhance the reputation of India abroad. After light refreshment the meeting terminated.

Cawnpore.—Mr. W. C. De Noronha, a well known merchant, landlord and contractor died on Wednesday morning at 11/25 after prolonged illness. He was well-known for his charies.

The Government of Bombay hav issued revised rules for the award of special scholarships tenable at the Royal Air Force College, Cranewell and the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun. There are three special scholarships.

For particulars candidates should apply to the Director of Public Instruction, Poona.

KHATIB OF BOMBAY DEAD

Funeral To Take Place This Evening

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Maulvi Mohamed Abdul Munim Bakza, Khatib of the Juma Mosque, Bombay, passed away this morning at 8-30 at his residence in Karelwadi, Thakurdwar, Bombay. The deceased was 76 years of age and had been ailing for some years past. The office of the Khateeb of Juma Mosque was being held by his family for the last 100 years and he himself enjoyed that position for nearly 50 years having been appointed to the post at a rather young age.

He leaves behind him two sons and a large circle of friends to mourn his loss. The funeral will take place this evening at 8 p.m. at Khatib, Karelwadi, Thakurdwar Bombay.

Jail For Distributing Congress Leaflets In Courts

BOMBAY, Thursday.

One of the four Congress volunteers, who were arrested on Tuesday, while they were distributing Congress leaflets in the second and sixth Courts, was today sentenced to five months rigorous imprisonment for having assisted in the operations of an illegal body, by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho Presidency Magistrate Sixth Court Mazagaon.

DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

Successful Function At Rahuri

(From A Correspondent.)
AHMEDNAGAR, Nov. 23.

Enthusiasm prevailed at the Annual District Educational Conference of the Local Board, which was held at Rahuri (24 miles from Ahmednagar) on Saturday and Sunday last. The Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Mr. S. N. Moos, presided

In addition to 250 teachers and nearly 800 boys and girls of all classes and creeds from various schools of the district, a large number of gentlemen attended the conference.

The Chairman of the School Board, Mr. N. Navle, M.L.C. in welcoming the guests of the evening observed, "The present Conference is a unique one inasmuch as we have concentrated our attention on two subjects only viz. history and geography. The exhibits pertaining chiefly to these two subjects and the lessons and talks also are confined to this group only. This is a specialization and it is hoped that this change for specialization would go to bring home to the teacher the importance and methods of each subjects vividly. These Conferences were introduced five years back, with a view to bring together the teachers, the taught the parents and educational authorities. The Chairman then traced the history of the primary education since its transfer to the control of the Local Board. The educational institutions had risen from 579 to 666 and the number of students from 25,000 to 36,000—a net increase of 44 per cent. There are twelve hostels attached to the Board schools, 80 Scout troops and 1,800 children of all classes, taking advantage of this movement. This district was the first to introduce Girl Guides in village schools. Vocational training including 7 Agricultural Bias classes are efficiently maintained.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR'S ADDRESS.

On Sunday morning the Deputy Director, who was mixing freely with the people, called a special meeting of the teachers and addressed to them a few words of advice in English, which was afterwards translated by Mr. Ghate.

Bombay Rly. Workers' Support To M. & S. M. Rly. Strikers

At a joint meeting of the G. I. P. Railway Workers and B. B. & C. I. Railway Employees' Unions held on Wednesday at Parel, Bombay, some resolutions were passed supporting the M. & S. M. Railway strikers, asking them not to draw back till further retrenchment is stopped and retrenched hands are reinstated, and not to accept short time working or leave by rotation which is another form of retrenchment.

A meeting of the Thasra Vanik Mandal, Bombay, was held on 20th inst. It passed resolutions expressing sorrow at the premature death of late Mr. Manubhai Chimanlal Munshaw of Ahmedabad, and a message of condolence was conveyed to the family of the deceased.

STRICTURES ON G. I. P. AUTHORITIES

Death Of a Gangwayman

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"On the evidence we hold that the authorities of the G. I. P. Railway having practically abolished the posts of the 'sook-out' men were morally bound to issue adequate instruction to the gangmen as to what arrangements should be made for the discharge of the duties that th look-out men used to do. We believe that if such a precaution had been taken, probably, this unfortunate fatality might not have occurred and we trust that steps will immediately be taken to do the needful in view of what we have said".

The above remarks were made by the Coroner's jury this morning at the conclusion of the inquest over the body of one Sukhia Datto, a G. I. P. Railway coolie, which went on for the last three days.

Sukhia Datto, was working with the other gangway men on the morning of November 18, near the Byculla "B" cabin. From the evidence it transpires that usually there used to be a banner flag which would be put across the railway line as a precaution to the Electric Train drivers. Since the last eight months, the post of "look-out" man has been abolished and the work of look-out men were being done by the gangmen themselves. No instructions about the removal of the signalman was given to the gangmen or to the muccadum. According to G. I. P. Railway rule, No. 208-1 a banner-flag shoud be hoisted across the railway lines when the coolies are working. But not even a red hand flag was used on November 18.

KNOCKED DOWN BY TRAIN.

At 9-30 an up-train came running from the Bori Bunder side and the muccadum shouted out to Sukhia who was working about 150 yards away Sukhia did not hear and continued his work. The muccadam made a signal to the driver to drive cautiously, which possibly the driver did not see and Sukhia was knocked down by the electric train and received multiple injuries. The police were informed and Sukhia was removed to Railway Hospital where he died later.

A verdict of death due to shock from "extensive injuries" was returned by the coroner's jury.

Sub Inspector N. R. Anklesaria of the Victoria Terminus who conducted the investigations into this case was congratulated by the Coroner for the nice way in which he conducted the case.

ACIDITY OF STOMACH

Those who suffer from acidity of stomach know very well the detrimental effects it has on the general tone of health.

Magnesia San Pellegrino is the ideal and sure remedy against this distressing ailment. Without any irritation **Magnesia San Pellegrino** neutralizes the acidity of the stomach and restores your digestive organs to correct functioning.

Price per bottle Rs. 1-8-0
„ single dose tin „ 0-3-0
At Chemists and Stores
Agents: E. STELLA & CO.,
P O Box 868 ..... BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Hindu—Kartak Vad, 12, 1989.
Muslim—Rajab 26, 1351.
Parsi—Khordad 20, 1302.
Sunrise—6h. 51m.
Sunset—6h. 0m.
Hightide—8-51, 22-11.
Lowtide—3-00, 15-29.

Phases of the moon: Last quarter 31st November 1h 26m a.m. New Moon 28th Nov. 6h 12m a.m. First quarter 5th Dec. 3h 15m a.m. Full Moon 13th Dec. 7h 11m a.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. (B.T.)

Bombay Legislative Council, 2 p.m.

Bombay Hockey League: B.B. and C.I. vs. "Times of India." Cooperage, 5 p.m.

SATURDAY, Nov. 26.

S. S. "Viceroy of India" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Bombay Races: Winter Meeting. Second Day.

MONDAY, Nov. 28.

Municipal Standing Committee, 2-40 p.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-10 p.m.

Society of Honorary Presidency Magistrates of Bombay, Annual Dinner, H. E. the Governor attending, Taj Mahal Hotel 8-15 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR:—"Hot For Paris" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE:—"The King Of Kings". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPRESS:—"A Night Like This" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL:—"Night Court." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON:—"Peacock Alley" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.

RIALTO:—"Grand Hotel". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE:—"Around The World In 80 Minutes" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST-END:—"Shyam Sunder". Daily at 5-30 8 and 10.30 p.m.

GLOBE:—"The White Devil". Daily at 5-30 8 and 10-30 p.m. Friday at 3 p.m.

ROXY:—"The Trial Of Vivienne Ware". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PALACE TALKIES, (Byculla):—Waterloo Bridge." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.

12 noon, Selection of Gramophone Records; 7 p.m. Sponsored Programme by H M V G Company; 9 p.m. news in Hindi.

OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

The 55th monthly meeting of the Ophthalmological Society of Bombay will be held at A. M. C. F. O. Hops. to-day (Friday) when interesting cases will be shown and discussed. Dr. D. D. Satnaye F.R.F.P.S will speak on some interesting cases.

PRESS WORKERS UNION.

The meeting of the Press Workers of Bombay will be held to-day (Friday) in the office of the Kamagar Patrika, at 69, Tamarind Lane Fort, to consider the re-organisation of the Union. All the Press Workers including Compositors Binders, Litho Press Workers, Casters Rulingawallas, Newspaper agents and Newspaper boys are requested to attend the meeting.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Rajputana" with the mails from Bombay of 19th instant arrived at Aden at 1-30 p.m. on 23rd instant and left there at 6 p.m. the same day.

The Outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Ranchi" with the mails from London of the 17th instant arrived at Port Said at 12-30 p.m. on the 23rd instant and left there at 3-30 p.m. the same day.

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Tokushima Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of Call on the 19th instant, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 19th December.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed mails for Singapore, and Japan per S. S "Borneo Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-30 p.m. to-day (Friday).

CLASSIFIED TRADES EXHIBITION:—To-day (Friday) the famous Maharashtrian Singer Master Shankarrao Joshi will give a performance of his melodious singing from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m. with an interval of an hour, at the Classified Trades Exhibition.

KONKNI MUSLIM ASSOCIATION.

The inaugural meeting of the Assocation will be held at 3 p.m. on Sunday, next under the presidentship of Maulvi Abdus-Shakur Kokate, in the Anjuman-e-Islam, Hornby Road.

GUJARATI HINDU STREE MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the Gujarati Stree Mandal, Santa Cruz, a free cinema show will be given to-day (Friday) at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Dubash Theatre, Charni Road Junction.

LATE MR. G. O. W. DUNN

Corporation Pays Tribute

BOMBAY, Thursday.

As a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. G. O. W. Dunn the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was adjourned without transacting any business to-day.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, the Mayor, made a feeling reference to the death which occurred in London on November 21 of Mr. Dunn who was for six years a member of the Corporation and was the President of the Corporation during the year 1908-9. He was also the chairman of the City Improvement trust for five years and had rendered valuable services to the city.

A condolence resolution was moved by Mr. Meyer Nessim regretting the sad death of Mr. Dunn and appreciating his services to the City which was passed unanimously all standing.

The Corporation adjourned till Friday 3-40 p.m.

Calcutta Share Market

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Jute sares ruled fairly steady throughout session and good turnover resulted Towards close the market eased off slightly. In Coals few isolated deals were put through at about current quotation rates. Teas were dull. In Miscellaneous section Sugars remained steady while others shew no special feature. Securities were quiet and uncertain. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 per cent paper 61/12 small lot; 3½ per cent paper 72/8; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 84/11; 4 per cent loan 1934-37 97/12; 5 lot; 5 per cent U. P. Bonds 1944 1004 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 106/4 small lot; U. P. Bonds 1944 100/4 small. 5½ per cent loan 1938-40 103/6; 6 per cent bonds 1933/36 101/4 small lot.

Banks.—Imperial Bank conty 298/8.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railway pref. 88; Howrah Amta Light 95; Hardwar Dehra 97.

Coals —Amalgamated Coalfields 11/12 cum div.; Bengal 204 small lot.

Jutes.—Auckland 154; Bally 116 small lot; Bally pref. 102; Clive 22; Clive 6 per cent pref. 103; Empire 33; Gourepore pref. 106; Hooghly 56/12, Howrah 38/12 small lot; Hukumchand pref. 112/8; Lansdowne 127/8; Lansdowne pref. 102/8; Lawrence pref. 125; Naihati 7 per cent pref. 124; Union 354 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Chemical pref. 13; Bareilly Electric 7/12; Bengal Telephone ordy. 11/2; Bengal Iron 2/7, Indian Iron and Steel 5; Indian Standard Wagon pref. 98; Indian Wood Products 23; Tide Water Oil 8/4 small lots; Titaghur Paper defd. 3/14; Bengal Assam Steamship ordy. 172 small lot; Hattikhira Tea 10/8

Debentures:—5½ per cent 1910/20/35 Albion Jute Debentures 100 small lot.

Sugar Shares:—Cawnpore 32/8; Carew & Co.. 14/4; Champaran 23/4; New Savan 15/2; Samastipore 15/6.—A.P.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

(Special Service for the Chronicle.")

TELEGRAM ON LONDON.

New York, Nov. 24.

The New York market is closed to-day.

TELEGRAM ON NEW YORK

London, Nov. 24.

Previous closing	3.25 7/8
To-day's opening	3.24 3/8
To-day's closing	3.24 9/16

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET JANUARY SETTLEMENT

New York, Nov. 24.

The New York market is closed to-day.

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May Rs. 209

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET JANUAR SETTLEMENT

Liverpool, Nov. 24.

Previous closing rate	5.19
To-day's opening rate	5.17
Difference	—02
To-day's closing rate	5.12
Difference	—07

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London, Nov. 24.

Silver Forward	18 3/16
Higher	1/16
Silver Ready	18 1/4
Higher	1/16

Market: Quiet.

BOMBAY MARKET

Bombay, Nov. 24.

1st settlement	56-0-0
2nd settlement	56-2-0
3rd settlement	56-7-0
Gold	31-0-0
Gini	19-7-0

CONGRESS PUBLICITY AGENT JAILED

Given A Year's Hard Labour

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Being a member of the publicity and propaganda Sub-committee of the B.P.C.C. and assisting the operations of the latter association was the charge against Mr. T. N. Rao a Congress worker who was produced this morning in the court of Sir H. P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The accused was arrested on November 16, in Marwari Chawl, opposite the Old Congress House in Girgaum. On a search of his room the police found stencil papers containing typed matter which appeared in one of the issues of the Congress Bulletin They also seized a typewriter and carbon papers.

Sub-Inspector Kamat of the C.I.D. in his evidence stated that relying on certain information the police kept a watch on the house of the accused. They found some boys regularly visiting the place and carrying some material with them. On raiding the place they seized a typewriter and carbon papers. They also seized a stencil paper containing typed matter which had appeared in an issue of the "Congress Bulletin". The accused was put under arrest.

The accused was a member of the publicity propaganda Committee of the B.P.C.C. whose work was to publish handbills and "Congress Bulletins" and other leaflets from time to time for the information of the public

The accused pleaded guilty to both charges but refused to take part in the proceedings.

The Magistrate convicted the accused under section 17 (1) and 17 (2) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act. He sentenced the accused to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default six weeks further imprisonment on the first charge and to one years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default three months' further imprisonment on the second charge. Both the sentences are to run concurrently.

ORDINANCE APPEAL DISMISSED

Breach Of Restraint Order

BOMBAY Thursday.

At the High Court Mr. Justice Murphy and Mr. Justice Broomfield heard the appel filed by R K. Badade and Jivandas Gopaldas Marwadi against their sentence of one year's R. I. each passed by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Ahmednagar, under Section 17 of the Special Powers Ordinance. The appellants were convicted of breach of the restrictions imposed by the District Magistrate, requiring them to refrain from taking part in Congress activities.

The appellan's were residents of Pathardi, Ahmednagar District. On June 19, they met three visitors who, it was stated, urged the appellan's to push on the Civil Disobedience Movement. Subsequently the appellants asked two persons to picket a liquor shop which the latter did.

In appeal, their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentences of the appellant, observing that there was no principle of law involved, which would justify their interference.

HIGH COURT QUASHES CONVICTION OF KANARA EDITOR

Prosecution For Publication Of "Congress News"

CRIMINAL STATUTES MUST BE LIBERALLY INTERPRETED, SAY THEIR LORDSHIPS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Pandurang Krishna Shanbag, editor and printer of "Kanara News", a weekly paper of Kumta (Kanara District) was acquitted in appeal by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Murphy at the Bombay High Court

The appellant was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 200 by the F. C. Magistrate, who convicted him under s. 17 (1), Criminal Law Amendment Act, on the charge of assisting the operations of an unlawful association.

In the issue of February 8th, 1932, the paper published the following under the heading "Ankola news."

"Now the work of the national congress is going on at Ankola through the 5th Dictator. Bhagirati Bai Ganesh Kamat is the present dictator". It was further stated that a procession was taken out in celebration of Pundit Motilal's anniversary

In connection with the publication of this news, the appellant was convicted as above, and the sentnce was confirmed by the peal. The appellant then appeal. The appellan then approached the High Court in revision.

JUDGMENT.

Their lordships in their judgment stated that the publication was merely an isolated paragraph of news. There was no comment or criticism on the instances mentioned therein. The conviction could not stand for two reasons.

Firstly the only association which was mentioned in the paragraph was the National Congress which has not been declared unlawful by the Government. A suggestion might be made that the reference in the paragraph was to through the Carnatac Provincial Congress Committee or the Canara District Congress Committee or the taluka congress committee which had not been declared unlawful. It might also be suggested, continued their lordships, that the appellant by publishing the news was giving advertisement to the continued existence and activities of the unlawful association. Their lordships did not agree with this view.

Their loddships held that on a fair construction of the publication the paragraph could not be regarded as anything more than an item of news and that the reference was to the National Congress only.

It would be open to the Government, observed their lordships, to legislate to make it a criminal offence to publish news of this nature. On the facts of the case, under the law as it stood now, their lordships saw no reason to hold that the accused had assisted the operations of an unlawful assembly, even assuming that the reference was to an unlawful association.

Concluduing their lordships observed that it was a well-recognised principle that criminal statutes must not be strictly construed.

UNIVERSITY ELECTIONS

Mr. R. P. Masani For Syndicate

The election to the Syndicate by the Senate of the Bombay University of a member in place of the late Dr. R. N. Ranina has resulted in the success of Mr. R. P. Masani who got 62 votes.

For the ensuing election of two members to the Academic Council by the Senate there are following five candidates.

Prof. D. R. Gadgil Principal J. R. Gharpure; Principal H. Hamill; Prof. K. R. Kanitkar; Principal T. K. Shahani.

For the election of two other members to the Academic Council from among the Head Masters only, there are the following three candidates.

Principal K. B. Marzban; Mr. B. K. Patel; Mr. K. G. Warty.

Dock Worker's Sudden Collapse

BOMBAY Thursday

Juri Badal, a 55-year old Hindu working at the P. & O. Company's docks at Mazagaon, was carrying a potful of water through the boiler maker's shop near the d... this evening.

While passing the shop th... man suddenly felt giddy and ... ing pain in the stomach fell... and died immediately. Th... of the sudden death is not...

The Byculla Police are... enquiries.

ORDINANCE BILL

Sevral Amendments Moved But Rejected

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

Further consideration of the amendment to omit Clause Four which penalised boycotting and harassment of officials was taken up. Mr. S. C. Sen said that this clause ensured preferential treatment to Government servant not only in his activity as a servant of the Crown but also in his private life in rendering customary service even to menial servants and made this legislation absurd.

NO DISTINCTION.

Mr. Uppi Sahib saw in the Bill no distinction of Congressmen as such and if they accepted the clause every citizen of India came under its purview. By passing this they would be making themselves slaves of even the petty village chawkidars

Mr. Mitra pointed out that the Government was creating a new official caste in the country. It was not possible by mere legislation of this kind to prevent harassment or boycotting of officials.

The amendment was defeated by 56 votes to 31.

Mr. S. C. Mitra after lunch moved that in Sub-Clause One of Clause Four of the Bill, the words "to harass any public servant in the discharge of his duties or" be omitted. Mr. Mitra contended that the words were vague and their interpretation would depend more on a person's temperament and conditions of health.

LAW v. DUTY.

Mr. Haig opposing said that objection would also be taken to any other words suggested. Replying to Mr. Gayaparshad Singh whether it would be applied to public servants on leave Mr. Haig said that would depend entirely on the circumstances.

The Amendment was lost.

Mr. Mitra then moved that the word "Lawful" be inserted before "Duty," otherwise it was liable to abuse. Messrs. Thampan, Sant Singh and Jadhav supported him.

Sir B. L. Mitter opposing said that by using the word "Lawful" they would be introducing ambiguity. In law the word "Duty" has a definite connotation.

Mr. Haig said that the court would have no difficulty in interpreting the word "Duty." The Amendment was lost.

Mr. Mitra next moved that after the word "refuses," the words "to deal with" be omitted. He said that the phrase was vague and Government wanted to spread the net too wide to entrap all and sundry.

HAIG EXPLAINS.

Mr. Haig opposing explained that the words "deal with" meant "have transactions" and "refusal to deal with" implied intention to harass.

The Amendment was lost.

Sir B. L. Mitter then moved that after the words "refuses to deal with," "whether by supplying goods or otherwise" be inserted. He explained that "otherwise" would cover other necessary transactions like carrying goods and supplying transport and this Section would come into operation provided the intention mentioned in the Section was pressed.

Mr. Mitra objected to the word "otherwise" as it was indefinite and should be defined so that the ordinary persons might understand its import.

Mr. Haig supporting the amendment said that this made the meaning of the words "deal with" more definite. The amendment was passed.

SUPPORT TO AMENDMENT.

Several other amendments were moved and rejected. Of these one by Mr. Mitra suggested the exclusion of members of the families of public servants from the operation of this clause. Among supporters of the amendment Mr. Thampan argued that in some cases, particularly in Malabar, the strength of family ran into three digits and the hardship, that would be felt under this clause, was, therefore, great.

Clause four was still under discussion when the Assemby adjourned till Monday.—A.P.

SUICIDE BY DROWNING

BOMBAY, Thursday

The Lamington Road Police, who were informed this noon that a dead body of a woman was floating in a well at the Ranchod Kanji Wadi, Girgaon Back Road, went to the place and removed the body to the morgue.

One Amritlal Bhagawandas living at the Ardisher Dady Cross Lane, went to the Maharbavdi Police Station at 3-30 p.m. to give information to them that his wife was missing since 10-30 a.m. to-day. He was directed to the Lamington Road Police Station and from there taken to the Morgue. Amritlal recognised the body of the drowned woman as that of his wife.

From enquiries made by Sub-Inspector Goregaonker, it transpires that Gangabai, the 21-year old wife of Amritlal had been suffering from some abdominal trouble for the last two years. She was ... to many doctors to no effect. ... months ago she was sent to ... in Kathiawad. She re... Bombay on November 18. ... ing she was last seen at ... 10-30 and since then

... cted to be a case of

PATHE EVERY DAY 3-30, 6-30 & 10.

THE SENSATIONAL THRILL OF THE EAST

ALSO SCREENING

LAUREL AND HARDY IN AN HILARIOUS COMEDY

PARAMOUNT BRITISH NEWS

TO-MORROW.

THE COMEDY ROMANCE OF THE YEAR

STRANGERS IN LOVE

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE WITH

FREDRIC MARCH AND KAY FRANCIS

REALLY A SHOW YOU SHOULD NOT MISS ADVANCE BOOKING NOW OPEN.

STOP PRESS

OTTAWA PACT NEGATIVED.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

A debate was held on the Ottawa Pact this evening in the University Convocation Hall under the auspices of the Delhi University Union.

Mr. F. E. James, M.L.A., representing the European Chamber of Madras and member of the Ottawa Committee appointed by the Assembly, moved that the pact fully guaranteed the best commercial and industrial interests of the country. He was supported by Prof. Hirdaynarain

Messrs. Ranga Iyer, Sitarama Raju, M.L.A.'s as well as members of the Ottawa Committee and Mr. Pothan Joseph, editor of the "Hindustan Times," opposed the motion, which was negatived on votes being taken.—A. P.

CABINET AND HOOVER NOTE.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

With reference to the statement in an evening paper that Britain will not pay December debt instalment it should be noted that the Hoover note has to be circulated to each member of the Cabinet and then the Cabinet must consider it. No such meeting has yet been arranged and therefore no Cabinet decision yet reached.—Reuter.

FREE STATE NEW DUTIES.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The Irish Free State announce new duties as from to-night of one guinea per hundred weight of potatoes from Britain and North Ireland which works out at about 300 per cent. and six pence per lb. on all cut flowers from same countries.—Reuter.

CENTRAL Vs. PROVINCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

In the course of general discussion many difficulties peculiar to Indian federation were pointed out.

Thus, contrary to the usual procedure, Indian Federation was bringing in not independent or semi-independent units but to some extent breaking up unitary system of gove...ent and it was difficult, indeed impossible, to secure perfect solution.

Certain pretty definite assumptions would be demanded, namely, that provinces would be given fullest ...portunity to develop on their own lines and that in certain fields, for example civil and criminal codes, it would be calamity if existing uniformity was not secured subject to variation to suit local needs. From these broad assumptions two or three questions arose.

Thus, was it essential to end the present system, under which exclusive fields of activity were not assigned to Centre and Provinces but both held concurrent powers with Governor-General exercising co-ordinating authority?

Should two separate fields of activity be defined, one Federal and other Provincial, or only Federal list, leaving the rest as provincial, or again Federal and Provincial lists and also list providing field of concurrent powers?

Question whether residuary powers should be central or provincial was also to be considered, likewise whehther it would be possible in future to vary lists whether by statutory act or other means.—Reuter.

THE CAPITOL

Bombay's Leading Talkie House

LAST NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.

The story of a crooked judge who frames an innocent mother and sends her to jail

with the star of "An American Tragedy"

PHILLIPS HOLMES

ANITA PAGE—WALTER HUSTON
LEWIS STONE—JOHN MILJAN

Also showing a Travel Talk on LONDON—THE CITY OF TRADITION.

TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M.

Every Girl's Favourite!

A Naughtily Nice Lilting Comedy Romance of "Merry old England"

3rd DEMAND WEEK

THE RIALTO

LAST NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.

THE GREATEST CAST IN HISTORY IN THE ENTERTAINMENT SUPREME!

GRETA GARBO JOHN BARRYMORE WALLACE BEERY LIONEL BARRYMORE

GRAND HOTEL

A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE

DON'T MISS IT

POSITIVELY THE LAST DAY.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1932

BOMBAY WOMEN'S LEAD

The women of Bombay deserve to be congratulated on their having once again taken the lead in the temple entry propaganda in the city. They did invaluable work during Gandhiji's last fast and they now seem determined to avert his next. They have inaugurated a new organisation called the Gandhi Seva Sena with the specific object of removing untouchability in every shape and every form; but they have wisely decided to concentrate their best efforts for the present on temple entry propaganda and in particular on the task of persuading the Guruvayur temple authorities to throw the temple open to the untouchables before the 2nd of January next. In consultation with Gandhiji they have drawn up an elaborate and detailed programme which we have published before in extenso.

EXCELLENT METHOD.

So far as temple entry work is concerned, the organisers of the Sena have already taken it in hand and are briskly canvassing signatures in favour of opening the Guruvayur temple to the Harijans. Having secured a sufficiently large number of signatures they will, on a previously announced day, place ballot boxes in front of the important temples in the city to ascertain the general opinion of the Hindus on the question of temple entry. We are confident that in Bombay more than in any other Indian city Hindu opinion will be found to be overwhelmingly in support of temple entry for Harijans But as it is necessary to give due effect to public opinion, the Gandhi Seva Sena will directly approach the trustees of the temples to persuade them to open their temples to the Harijans in accordance with public opinion. Such work was very briskly done in the City during Gandhiji's last fast and with very encouraging results and we feel confident, it will now be resumed with renewed vigour both by the Gandhi Seva Sena and the Bombay Provincial Board of the All-India Anti-Untouchability League.

ESSENTIAL WORK.

The question is still asked by some if it is desirable to concentrate on temple entry agitation outside Kerala. Such concentration is not only desirable but essential throughout the country till the Guruvayur dispute is satisfactorily solved. For every temple, public or private, thrown open to the untouchables anywhere in India, must exercise a reassuring influence on the Guruvayur authorities. In this connection private temples should not be neglected. While it is true that entry to such cannot be legally claimed by anybody against the wishes of their owners, the latter are freer than trustees of public temples to admit any people they like to their own temples. Temple entry workers, therefore will do well to use their influence with owners of private temples to persuade them to open the temples to the untouchables.

AVERT THE CALAMITY.

In short every humanly possible effort must be made during the next few days to mobilise public opinion all over the country in favour of temple entry. This work can no longer brook delay. In a statement just issued by him Mr. C. Rajagopalachari gives a clear warning in the following words:

"Gandhiji has aged considerably since I had seen him on a former occasion. His vitality is not what it was before. A fast in January next will be a cause of anxiety from the fourth day and cannot be prolonged except by a divine miracle to beyond ten days. Once the fast begins the nation will be in too great anxiety to do any work."

It will be an unspeakable shame to Hindu society if it compels Gandhiji to enter on another fast.

Finances Of The City Municipality

The detailed review of the city Municipal finances recently contributed by Politicus to this journal leaves only one thing undiscussed; the Borrowing programme, and Debt position of the Bombay Municipal Corporation. He has, no doubt, referred to the heavy burden of the Debt Charges,—absorbing over 40 p.c. of the City's revenues,—which preclude any possibility of the city undertaking more constructive work in nation-building departments. But the comparative position of the dead-weight of Debt on Bombay and on Calcutta,—the analysis of the several causes which have occasioned that that debt,—remains untouched by Politicus. The measure, however, of that Debt and of its incidence upon the civic wealth and enterprise must be sought, according to the theory of Municipal Finance adopted by Politicus, in the return obtained by the city public.

EXCESSIVE CHARGE ON PUBLIC.

His remarks leave one to conclude that the bulk of the Bombay City Debt,—occasioned by the extravagant Water-Works and the wasteful Drainage system,—is a dead weight which has inevitably to be maintained out of taxation, and not out of the return from the creations of the borrowed funds. The stickler for accuracy might retort that the water supplied to the City is a commodity produced by enterprise born of these borrowed funds; and the water rate levied by the Municipality is accordingly in the nature of the price charged for that commodity by the producer and vendor, monopolist of this indispensable requisite of life. Politicus' reply to such an argument would, we think, be based on the theory adopted by the Indian Taxation Committee's Report, which holds that there is an element of taxation even in the Railway Rates and Postal charges of these Government services; and that, accordingly, the unit rate or charge cannot be rightly called a fair price for commodity supplied, or service rendered. We agree with him, and trust the City Fathers will look at the frequent increments in the water rate, or the high level of the Halalkhore Tax, as charges upon the City public, not wholly compensated by the service rendered.

HOW TO REMEDY CHRONIC DEFICIT.

Apart, however, from a detailed and comparative consideration of the Debt position, the series of articles we have been assured, have interested City Fathers in a number of curious side-lights they cast upon the city's financial administration. The main interest, lies, however, for the average citizen, in the suggestions made by Politicus for remedying the chronic deficit in the Municipal Purse. These suggestions divide themselves into two groups, —those for retrenchment and economy in expenditure, and those for adding to the revenue resources of the City. In the former group are comprised proposals for a reduction in the salaries and allowances of the Municipal servants,—based on an impossibly high level initially,—and retrenchment in the number of the personnel employed in the several departments and grades of our Municipal Service.

CENTRAL CO-ORDINATED AUTHORITY.

These orthodox services are combined by Politicus with a view to re-organise the entire civic expenditure as from a central co-ordinated authority, which should undertake and combine the functions now discharged by the several civic bodies of the University, the Port Trust, the City Improvement Trust, and even the Public Instruction Department,—though that is not, strictly speaking, a Municipal body proper. There can be no objection to Politicus' suggestion from any Indian who has given the slightest thought to the scale of salaries and allowances in India. We may, in passing, commend a Pamphlet on the subject issued by Professor D. R. Gadgil of the Gokhale research institute at Poona, last year, Sir M. Vishwesharaiya, who reviewed the Municipal Expenditure of Bombay some years ago, with a view to economy and retrenchment, does not appear to have paid any considerable attention to this fundamental aspect of Public Economy in India.

DRASTIC SALARIES CUT NEEDED.

It must also be recognised, —as, indeed, is evident from the remarks of the present Municipal Commissioner,—that the vested interests of the Servicemen would be sub-consciously hostile to any reduction in the salary level, so that their active co-operation in this particularly fruitful field of economy must be more or less discounted. Nevertheless, for an efficient as well as economical public administration in India, whether in the national, provincial or municipal field, there is no alternative to radical re-adjustment of the scale of salaries and allowances to the public servants. What exact economy Bombay can accomplish in this direction has not been specifically calculated by Politicus.

EXPERT'S COMMITTEE SHOULD INVESTIGATE.

On the other hand we must remember that a Municipal administration necessarily employs a very large force of extremely low paid labour, in which there can be no room for further reduction of the scale of salaries. Even the pay of the average Primary School Teacher in Bombay,—highest in all India as it might be compares unfavourably with the wages of a millhand in the same city, and much more so with the Burnham Scale in Britain. But, subject to these limitations, the possibility of economy in this direction needs to be seriously investigated by an expert Committee under the authority of the Corporation.

LARGE ECONOMY POSSIBLE.

As for reductions in the strength of the personnel, that is a task for a committee of businessmen in the Corporation. There is no lack of such people in the Corporation, if only they would treat the question of economies in the Corporation Budget on the same plane as economy in their own private concerns. Business in India is yet organised on the least rationalised lines. Taylorism is a subject unknown, even in name. The principle of adjusting the work to the worker, so as to get the utmost possible value out of the worker is all but impossible to give effect to. The introduction of mechanical devices, wherever the machine can do the work of men, is another such expedient to reduce the cost of civic administration, which the present City Fathers may not appreciate at its full value. The reason is that most of them are yet strangers to the ideas and devices of scientific business organisation. But if, as Politicus desires, due attention were paid to all these details very large economies could be effected, without the slightest damage to the efficiency of civic administration.

IMPROVE AMENITIES.

We do not understand Politicus to plead blindly for retrenchment and economy without any heed to the existing deficiency in civic amenities, or the growing needs of a progressive City. There is much in the conduct of many of our civic services,—and those the most vital to the life and prosperity of the city—in which further expenditure would have to be incurred, even after the most rigorous and radical economies have been effected. Only two wards in the City have yet received the benefit of free and compulsory primary education; while entire field of secondary and vocational education remains civically untouched. The Drainage arrangements of the City have still to be modernised in many important sections while the amenities of public comfort, health and safety demand further expansion and improvement.

THE BEGGAR PROBLEM.

The problem, moreover, of Pauperism in the city,—about which the Bombay Women's Conference passed the other day a resolution for special investigation and remedy,—will, sooner or later, have to be taken up by the Civic Government; and more funds will be required if destitution is to be abolished from the civic limits. The relief of Unemployment, whether by way of insurance or by way of industrial enterprise, is a closely connected problem with the one last mentioned; and that, too, cannot be tackled while the finances of the City show a chronic deficit. Politicus is not unware of these demands upon the Civic purse, [illegible] would he neglect them. W[illegible] therefore, he pleads for eco[illegible] or retrenchment in the Cit[illegible] penditure, we only und[illegible] him to be asking for su[illegible] adjustment in expendi[illegible] would admit of the Cit[illegible] ration discharging its [illegible] tions all the more efficiently, and adding to and expanding its activities for the benefit and advantage of the Civic public.

MUNICIPALISATION.

When, however, the readjustments and economies in Expenditure have been all duly made, they would prove to be insufficient for the ground still remaining to be covered. Politicus, therefore, suggests a bold incursion into the domain of commercial enterprise. He would advocate a municipalisation of the Cotton Mill Industry in the City, presumably after compensation to the vested interests in that industry; ask for a transport service and lighting enterprise by the Corporation, including the production of the illuminant agent by the same body; suggest the institution of a Municipal Laundry, and a Municipal Foundry and a Municipal Bank. A Municipal Theatre, Picture Palace of Concert Hall are cognates of the same idea. To the ears attuned to the strain of undiluted Capitalism, Politicus' suugestions must sound fantastic,—though, for our part, we see no reason to laugh them out of court without enquiry, as unlikely to yield substantial revenue to the city Exchequer. Many of the expedients Politicus suggests have already been tried successfully elsewhere. Even such a stronghold of Individualism as New York City has at last decided to give Municipal Enterprise a chance in the construction of the latest subway in the City on the Hudson. Cannot Bombay take a hint? True, the Municipalisation of the Cotton Industry seems to be like leading a forlorn hope, not only because of the chronic mismanagement of that industry by its present captains but also because of the imminent threat of a commercial substitute, such as art silk, which has sounded the death knell of the Silk industry. But these suggestions are to be taken collectively, and rather in the spirit than in the letter. They indi[illegible] need for a radical reexami[illegible] of the maxims of Munici[illegible]nce, which, as they are [illegible] to-day, are obsolete and [illegible] and which, in the [illegible]liticus presents them [illegible]ite possibilities that the [illegible]t afford to neglect.

Throw Open All Temples Before January 2

CALICUT ANTI-UNTOUCHABILITY CONFERENCE PLEA

Temple Entry Jatha's Successful Tour In Travancore

CALICUT, Nov. 21.

The Calicut Taluk Anti-Untouchability Conference was held yesterday under the presidency of Harikkatri Davaki Anderjanam, a Nambudri lady. Mr. P. Narayana Menon, retired Judge, Cochin Chief Court, in the course of his welcome address laid emphasis particularly on the work to be done by the Savarna Hindus in the coming struggle and appealed to them to get all temples open before Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Kelappan went on fast.

The President in the course of her speech drew attention of the people to the similarity of conditions under which the women of her community and the unapproachables were placed. Both are shut out from the public eye and both are stduggling to be free She said that customs were created for men and not men for the customs. She appealed to the young men and women of the community to come forward and help the Harijans.

THROW OPEN GURUVAYUR TEMPLE.

Two resolutions were passed, one calling upon the Zamorin to throw open the Guruvayur temple before January 2, and the other recording the firm opinion of the Savarna Hindus in favour of temple entry.

After the conference Mr. Kelappan, the leader of the Satyagraha campaign, made a speech in the course of which he referred to the coming fast. He said that Satyagraha was a double-edged weapon which ought to be carefully handled. He appealed to the Zamorin and the Savarna public to do their duty by the Avarnas which alone, he said, would save the life of Mahatma Gandhi.

TEMPLE ENTRY JATHA RETURNS

The Temple Entry Jatha which after completing its Travancore tour has returned to Guruvayur to-day. Mr. A. K. Gopalan, Captain of the volunteers said that the tour on the whole was very encouraging. Twenty-three public meetings were addressed in Travancore and seven temples belonging to Nairs and Jahavas were opened to Harijans "en route." The Jatha had been able to collect a good sum towards the temple entry Satyagraha.—A.P.

Provincial Board Formed

TRICHINOPOLY, Nov. 21.

At yesterday's conference of workers and sympathisers of the Tamilnadu branch of the All-India Anti-Untouchability League, a Provincial Board was formed with Rao Bahadur B. Srinivasan Swami Sahajananda Rao Baradur H. C. Rajah, Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, Dr. T. A. S. Rajan, Messrs. C. Rajagopalachariar, S. S. Bharathy and S. R. Rangacharlar. Tamilnadu will be divided into 12 districts (units) each having two caste Hindus, two Harijans besides President as members of the Unit Board. The Unit (District) Committees were asked to send the preliminary report before the 15th of December neyt. The main object of the league is the admission of Harijans into temples.

Rao Bahadur R. Srinivasan, Swami Sahajananda, Dr. P. Subharoyan, A. Rangaswami Iyer of Madura and Mr. C. Rajgaopalachariar were among those that addressed the confedence on the temple entry question.—A.P.

Travancore Women's Plea

(From A Correspondent).

QUILON, Nov. 21.

The Travancore Constituency of the All-India Women's Conference at its sixth annual conference held recently took up for consideration various subjects for discussion. The demand for the introduction of compulsory education, the request to the Maharajah to remove the primitive custom of untouchability by legislation, the condemnation of child-marriage and the need of legislation for its eradication and various other subjects were discussed. They manifest great enthusiasm for progress and it is hoped under the wise guidance of the Junior Maharani the protagonist of the Association great progress will be achieved in the near future.

DECADE OF WAR DEBT IDIOCY

American Press On Hoover's Stand

LONDON, Nov. 24.

New York.—Diversity of views has been expressed on Mr. Hoover's stand on the Debt question, though on the whole it has been generally welcomed. Thus the "New York Times" says, that President realises that with the changed world conditions the peril in which the world stands must be taken into account. It rebukes Congressmen for expressing sentiments of harsh exactions upon honourable friendly and harassed debtors and foresees new dangers unless the English-speaking Nations stand together. The paper particulariy eulogises Britain's fortitude in grappling with titanic problems and its high consideration for American's difficulties in connection with War Debts.

WAR DEBT IDIOCY.

The "Baltimore Sun" considers that the lessons of catastrophe which can be gathered from a decade of war debt idiocy are not publicly recognised, while the "Detriot Free Press" declares that Mr. Roosevelt has failed to grasp the unique opportunity and rebukes his alleged statement that matter is "not his baby".

The "Philadelphia Inquirer" points to the danger of dumping goods into America at cutthroat prices owing to the depreciation of currencies.—Reuter.

RS. 1200 FOR DEFAMATION

Sholapur Municipal Election Echo

SROLAPUR, Nov. 23. (By Mail).

This afternoon Rao Saheb Kale, City Magistrate, Sholapur, delivered judgment in the case filed by Rao Saheb Laxminarayan against Mr. Ramkaran Upadhe under Section 500 I.P.C. for defamation and sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 1,200.

The case was an offshot of a dispute over the last municipal election in which both the accused and the complainant were candidates.—A. P.

BY THE WAY

(By A Gentleman With A Duster).

Mr. J. B. Petit's vigorous speech in the Bombay Legislative Council on the Ordinance Bill ought to prove an eye-opener to the Government. The Government up to now have persisted in representing that the repressive legislation is necessary in the interests of people having a stake in the country. I suppose the Bombay Government will at least concede that the Millowners' Association of Bombay has "some" stake in the country and when the accredited representative of such a body spoke in terms which cannot admit of any equivocation, Government must start finding another excuse to justify the enactment of special legislation of the character that is on the anvil of the Legislative Council at present.

* * * *

Mr. Petit has indeed left his colleagues in the Council on the horns of a dilemma, namely, whether they should pronounce themselves before the world as tyrants or serfs. I personally feel no dilemma about it. The Legislative Council has a very simple duty of trying to defeat the black legislation by voting solidly against Government's proposal. In any case if their efforts fail to prevent the special legislation going through they will have the satisfaction of once again drawing Government's pointed attention to the fact how the Civil Disobedience Movement is being so generously fed by Government themselves by not heeding the advice of those who believe in constitutional agitation.

* * * *

I have received some very interesting information regarding the status of Sir Cowasji Jehangir as a Delegate to the third Round Table Conference. A political friend who wrote to Sir Cowasji Jehangir reminded him of the great responsibility that he carried with him as the sole representative of the Indian Liberals. Sir Cowasji at once replied, saying that he was not invited as a representative of the Liberal Party but he was going there partly as a representative of the Parsi community and partly to represent certain commercial interests. I had hitherto thought that Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas had the sole monopoly of representing Indian commercial interests and I do not know how Sir Purshotamdas will take this new challenge from this wealthy Baronet of Bombay and the most conservative amongst the Indian Liberals.

By the way, it turns out then that Indian Liberals as a Party have not been represented at all at the third Round Table Conference. But I am sure that they will console themselves by knowledge of the fact that after all they have been left out in the good company of Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress. Government have thus accidentally emphasised the essential identity of interests for which these two great political parties stand in India.

* * * *

I was informed by several of those who favoured Sir Purshottamdas' going to the third R. T. C. that he was mainly going there to secure Mahatma Gandhi's release, and in the event of his failure he would stage a walk-out from the Round Table Conference. The claim was so ridiculous that it could hardly be considered by any reasonable man. Sir Purshottamdas must be painfully conscious of the existence of a "fixed agenda" which was a condition precedent to convening of the third R. T. C, and with the "fixed agenda" I very much doubt if Sir Purshottamdas would be allowed even to open his mouth at any meeting of the R. T. C. for urging Mahatma Gandhi's release. At any rate the first great achievement of Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas in the interests of the commercial community requires to be carefully noted. Papers report that he urged larger representation of Indian commerce in the future legislatures and very correctly he was reminded that that question was already settled by the Communal Award. But lest Sir Purshottamdas may stage a walk-out on this issue. Lord Sankey gave him the honour of his appeal being recorded, by which I understand that though the question could not be re-opened Sir Purshottamdas may have the inner satisfaction of feeling that he made an effort to secure larger representation for Indian commerce.

Notes of the Day

"Decade Of Idiocy."

Mr. Hoover has taken almost an uncomprising stand on the question of cancellation of war debts. But there are abundant signs that American public opinion is willing now to change slightly in favour at least of re-adjustment of the debts. though the present President has thought it necessary to expound the correct official view. Press opinion in America emphasizes the need for a revision of outlook. That staid and conservative journal, the "New York Times", which can be said to reflect the views of American High Finance admits that with changed world conditions the peril in which the world stands must be taken into account. The "Baltimore Sun" is more expressive in its criticism of American obduracy. It considers that there is as yet no public recognition of "the lessons of the catastrophe which can be gathered from a decade of war debt idiocy." But it will certainly require some time before America does learn the necessity of recognising this.

Disquieting Reply.

Answering a question in the Bengal Legislative Council Sir P. C. Mitter said that no women-prisoners belonging to the "Bhadralok" class had been sent to the Andamans, and that Government did not "at present" contemplate sending any political prisoners to the Andamans. The first part of the reply may mean nothing more than that Government regard all those women who have already been sent to the islands as not belonging to the "Bhadralok" class. The words "at present" in the latter part are significant. The Bengal Government have already sent this year 52 prisoners to the Andamans in addition to the 64 sent last year. And there is no knowing when the Government may change their "present" view and send more political prisoners out of the country. We fail to understand why the Government of Bengal should insist upon the use of a penal settlement like the Andamans, where the climate is unhealthy and against which there is a volume of public prejudice. Why not show a gesture of conciliation at least in this regard?

More Licit Liquor.

The Punjab Government's review of the Excise Administration in the Province in 1931-32 shows that the net excise income was only Rs. 83 lakhs during the year as against 99 lakhs in 1930-31 and 110 lakhs in 1928-29. The steady fall in the revenue is obviously due, not merely to the economic depression, but also to the National propaganda against liquor. It is well known how several Provincial Governments explain the falling liquor revenue and what remedies they adopt and why. Following their example the Punjab Government have discovered enormous illicit distillation and have accordingly given many facilities for the supply of licit liquor. The commonsense method of fighting illicit distillation, where it at all exists on any scale worth mentioning, is to strengthen the Excise Police and secure full co-operation from the public with the police. But it suits several Provincial Governments in India to combat illicit distillation, real or imaginary, by pressing more licit liquor on the people.

Indian Music.

Presiding at the U. P. Musical Conference held at Cawnpore, a few days ago, Mr. Brijmohan Modi did well to draw pointed attention to some of the outstanding problems of Indian Music still awaiting solution. He particularly regretted the fact that the subtler varieties of some of the important 'ragas' were practically disappearing. Such a loss was long due mainly to the absence of notation. But now, that a sound system of notation has been devised it should be possible for scholars of Indian music to resuscitate the lost and rare 'ragas.' The main point is that the efforts of the friends of Indian music should be directed not merely to the task of popularising it, but also of enriching and reforming it in every possible way, especially through higher scientific study of music, including the comparative study of the Indian and other systems of music. Indian Universities can do much in this direction, but it is a pity few of them have yet realised their duty by Indian music.

WEIGHTAGE FOR INDIAN STATES

Muslims Demand Allotment Of States' Seats On Basis Of Population

LONDON November 23.

There is more than one aspect to the difference of opinion which was manifested to-day on the subject of the size of the legislature. In the first place, the States are not unanimous: A number of representatives favour the Lothian Committee's recommendations; but as against this, there is a strong support for smaller and more business-like bodies.

WEIGHTAGE.

As far as the British Indians are concerned many delegates incline to the Lothian Committee's report, and the difficulty in this connection is the Moslem objection conceding to the States' weightage. Their contention is understood to be that the States' seats should be allotted on population basis, though they are credited with willingness to accept 25 per cent. of the British Indian seats, provided the States' by convention agree to make up the Moslem representation to one-third. This, however, is not yet accepted, while the objection to States' weightage is shared by other British Indians, such as Sir A P. Patro, who urge that after provision is made to meet the needs of the Moslems, States' and Special interests, there will be too few seats for the rest of India.

MINORITIES IN UPPER HOUSE

Another complication is raised by the contention of Sir H. Gidney that the minorities must be represented in the Upper House. It is understood that it was stated on behalf of the British Government that they did not desire to adjust these differences, unless Indians found agreement impossible, and it was with this object that the conference agreed to informal discussions.—Reuter's Special.

SPECIAL INTERESTS

No Representation In Upper House

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, November 23.

The Conference favoured the special representation of Commerce, Labour and Landlords in the Federal Assembly. The Conference also considered the Federal Upper House, and subject to a satisfactory solution of the question of securing representation of small minorities, agreed that the British Indian section should be elected by provincial legislatures by a single transferable vote.

It was generally agreed that special interests should not be represented in the Upper House. Considerable difference of opinion was manifested with regard to the size of the Central Legislature, and ultimately, discussion was adjourned to give the delegates an opportunity of reaching an agreement by informal discussions.

The debate indirectly raised the question of the communal position in both the Houses, and it was suggested that this also should be discussed informally. The Conference adjourned till to-morrow.—Reuter's Special.

R. T. C. On Harijan Enfranchisement

LONDON, Nov. 23.

Nine encouragements were made at the sitting of the Round Table Conference which lasted throughout the day.

The Conference at the outset agreed to Lothian Committee's recommendation that literacy should enfranchise depressed classes for British Indian seats on the Federal Assembly.—R. T. Special.

Plea For More Seats For Indian Commerce

LONDON, November 23.

With regard to the representation of Labour, Commerce and Landlords in the Federal Assembly, the Conference thought that the question of sufficiency of representation proposed for Labour, should be examined in the light of further investigation of constituencies. With regard to Commerce two delegates, while paying a tribute to the great help rendered by the European members in the present Assembly, thought that the Lothian Committee recommendations provided insufficient number of Indian Commerce members.

BOMBAY'S CLAIM.

They did not desire to reduce the European representation, but to secure a greater Indian commercial representation, which it was suggested, had a special aspect, for, if the Indian commercial interests were directly and adequately represented, there would be less inducement for them to take part in politics.

A point was also made that the Bombay millowners should be specially represented. The Conference was unanimous in agreeing to the Lothian Committee recommendations with regard to the representation of Landlords.

As regards women, the Conference held that considerations to which expression was given in the discussion on educational franchise for women in the case of Provincial Legislatures applied also in the case of the Assembly, but importance was emphasised by one quarter of adopting the upper primary standard as qualification.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATION.

The Conference favoured special representation of Commerce, Labour and Landlords in the Federal Assembly. Some members expressed the opinion that eight seats were insufficient for Labour, while others disagreed with this view, and pointed out that Labour would probably also be represented through the Depressed Classes seats.

The Conference also considered the Federal Upper House, and subject to a satisfactory solution of the question of securing representation of small minorities, agreed that the British Indian section should be elected by Provincial Legislatures by a single transferable vote.

The Speaker on behalf of the Moslems, however, entered caveat that they would not commit themselves to this method, until they ascertained its probable effect upon the communal proportions in the whole House.—Reuter's Round Table Service.

Miss Dutt Pleads Guilty

CHITTAGONG, Nov. 24.

Miss Kalpana Dutt, a fourth year student, Nirmal Sen a second year science student of the Chittagong College, Dinabandhu Majumdar who were found together and arrested on the 19th of September last, at the Pahatali Railway Station under suspicious circumstances, were placed for trial to-day before the Sub-Divisional Officer. They are being prosecuted under section 109 Cr. P. C. Miss Kalpataru Dutt, who is reported to have been found on the station dressed in malegarb, first pleaded not guilty but later pleaded guilty.

The case has been adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

Nagpur.—Tests of the Empire Broadcasting Service on 22nd and 23rd instant show that there was a good volume, and the quality signals came in at the full loudspeaker strength on both days from 8 to 9-30 p.m. Listeners in were gratified.

Govt. Greateful To Police

SIR G. STANLEY'S HANDSOME TRIBUTE

MADRAS Nov. 24.

Speaking at the police parade held at the Banqueting Hall this morning for the presentation of King's Police Medals, His Excellency Sir George Stanley Governor of Madras paid a handsome tribute to the services of the Madras Police during last few years often under conditions of very real and great difficulty His Excellency added:

"It is a curious fact in every country in the world so far as I can see and India is no exception. There appears to be a section of people who are always ready to represent that when the police are called to exercise any force, they must necessarily be wrong. Such people who are not lacking in Madras have no real sympathy with the wrong doer, but their mentality urges them on such occasions to think that he had been harshly treated. As a result, charges have been levelled against the police nearly everyone of which has on investigation been proved to have been so grossly exaggerated as to be almost unrecognisable and in some instances to have been a complete fabrication. Nevertheless the police have stood firm and I can answer for it that Government are grateful to them as should be everyone who is anxious that law and order should be maintained."

Owing to heavy rain the parade was held inside the Banqueting Hall.—A. P.

FEDERAL STRUCTURE

Sub-Committee Appointed

R. T. C. ADJOURNED TO NOV. 28.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The progress of the Round Table Conference will not be allowed to be impeded by yesterday's slight check.

The Conference has now disposed of practically the whole of problems arising from Lothian Committee's report and proceeds immediately to the second item on the agenda. Yesterday's failure to achieve unanimity cannot be described as in the nature of an uncharted rock for quite apart from the views of British Indians, the existence of a clear-cut division of opinion among the states is no new thing.

Efforts will be made to tide over the gap but the impression gained from Conference circles is that not too much hope is placed on suggested informal discussions and decision on the point at issue is, therefore, not expected in the immediate future.

CENTRE AND UNITS.

The Conference met with Lord Sankey in the chair and began consideration of legislative relations between the Centre and Units and after a general discussion decided to appoint a small committee to test general principles of these relations by applying them to a list of subjects suggested in the second report of the Federal Structure Committee.

The Committee will also re-examine in the light of general discussion definition of those subjects and effect of recommendations made by the Federal Structure Committee in respect thereto.

The following will be members of the Committee: Lord Sankey, Chairman, Dr. Sapru, Mr. Zafrullah, Sir Akbar Hydari, Sir Manubhai Mehta, Sir A. P. Patro, Mr. Sircar, Lord Reading, Sir Samuel Hoare and Mr. Butler.

The Committee meets to-morrow. The Round Table Conference meanwhile has adjourned until November 28 afternoon, when the Committee's report will be presented.—Reuter.

All-India Services And Retrenchment

LUCKNOW, Nov. 24.

Without division the United Provinces Council accepted the resolution of the deputy leader of the opposition recommending to government to represent to higher authorities the desirability of sanctioning the scheme of retrenchment relating to the All-India Services which have been forwarded to them by the local governments.—A. P.

Mr. And Mrs. Mark Hambourg

TRANSPORTED FOR 10 YEARS

Possessing Bombshells Revolver And Pistol

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Mr. T. H. Ellis, Special Judge at Alipore, sentenced Haripada Choudhri (aged 20) under Explosive Substances Act to ten years' transportation for possessing two alluminium bombshells, a revolver, a pistol and 52 live cartridges without license. These are said to have been found in his room on October 15 following a search.

In the course of the search police also seized two manuscripts advocating the assassination of Government officials, especially Europeans, and destruction of their property.

The accused pleaded not guilty.—A.P.

DIFFERENCES PERSIST.

Ottawa Committee Meets To-day

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

The Assembly Committee on the Ottawa agreement meets to-morrow and the day after and expects to present its report on Monday.

Differences of opinion among Opposition members of the Committee in regard to the attitude to be finally taken in the report have not been resolved. Despite the opposition of some of his followers Sir Hari Singh Gour has not given up his efforts for bringing about an understanding on the basis of a formula which seeks to give provisional ratification of the agreement for a limited period.

Sir Abdur Rahim's attitude appears to be one of definite opposition to the agreement. European group is as a whole supporting the preference structure embodied in the agreement, but it is rumoured in the lobbies that one member of the group is apprehensive that the working of the agreement will seriously injure Indian industries.—A.P.

WORLD FAMOUS PAINIST IN BOMBAY

Hambourg To Give Three Recitals Next Week

Bombay, Thursday.

(Exclusive for "The Chronicle".)

Inrak Hamburg—the world famous pianist who has arrived in Bombay gave the following interview while busy attending to his luggage at the "Taj."

Questioned about the voyage, he said that he had a very fine voyage so much so that he felt like being in his own house

HIS MASTER

Asked about his master he said that he had learnt piano from Leschetizky, another famous pianist, who was a pupil of Szerny, was also the tutor of Beethoven the world famous composer.

Asked about his stay in India he said that he liked travel very much and that he intends touring the principal cities of India. From Bombay he will most probably be going to Calcutta.

As regards Indian music he said he was very much interested in it and was anxious to hear some of it.

Asked about the great men he had met, he said that he considered Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to be a remarkable man.

He said he was very fond of dogs and once had a big great Dane of whom he spoke in very high terms. Then he gave an anecdote about this favourite dog of his. One day the dog was lost but soon he appeared with a policeman, who when asked whether he had brought the dog replied "Why it was the dog that brought me!"

At present Mr. Hamburg said he has a little French dog called Luding.

Asked about his favourite compeers he gave the names of Beethoven and Chopin amongst others.

HIS BOMBAY PROGRAMME.

Mr. Hamburg will give three recitals in Bombay at the C. J. Hall on the 28th, 29th and 30th instant.

Proposed Increase In Duty On Raw Films Unjustified

MOTION PICTURE SOCIETY DEPUTATION SEES SIR J. BHORE

Importance Of Film As National Asset

(From Our Correspondent).

DELHI, Nov. 24

The Motion Picture Society of India's Deputation, consisting of Messrs. K. H. Vakil, President, Manchersha B. Billimoria and K. S. Hirlekar, Secretary, waited this afternoon on the Commerce Member, Sir Joseph Bhore in regard to the proposed increase of duties on the strength of the Ottawa Agreement. During the interview, the Deputation showed the importance of film as an educational and cultural means as a national asset. In this connection it was pointed out how the film is being used in almost 60 per cent. of the educational institutions of the United States and a special big organisation, like the Motion Picture. A division attached to the Commerce Department of the United States Government has been set up for the benefit of the industry as well as propagating the use of educational films.

THE DIFFICULTIES.

Further the Delegation explained in detail the difficulties of the Indian Film Industry from the point of view of the present financial stringency, the trade depression has increased the cost of production; the extremely limited low market as well as the competition of foreign films which are thwarting the vital growth and advancement of the industry. The Delegation pointed out the fact that the proposed increase in the import duty on raw films was unjustified both in the matter of principle as recorded in the Fiscal Commission and on the stand of the specific recommendation by the Cinematograph Committee, appointed by the Government.

GOVT. HAVE DONE NOTHING.

The Deputation emphasised the fact that the Government had practically done nothing on the basis of the recommendations of the Cinematograph Committee and that was the one glaring and indisputable fact which showed the singularly unfortunate condition of the Film Industry in India. Unlike other industries, the Film Industry in India has been receiving no attention whatever. The Delegation further urged that a complete exemption of duty on import of raw film materials would not only adversely effect the revenues of the Government, but definitely hasten the progress of the Industry and give an impetus they are at present lacking to the educational and cultural subjects.

The Delegation also contrasted the treatment given to the Film Industry in India and the treatment given to the industry by the Government of other countries in Europe and America.

The Delegation, after discussing certain details of the points raised, was assured by the Commerce Member that their case would receive his best and sympathetic consideration.

MAHATMAJI AND GURUVAYUR

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar's Warning

The report that has appeared in the paper of my speech at the Trichinopoly Anti-Untouchability Conference on 20th instant is very inaccurate and in material respects misleading. I wish to clear the position in regard to Mahatmaji's fast. It is very important the public should understand the correct situation as I was able to elucidate at the interview I had with Mahatmaji on 18th instant on my way back from Allahabad. I had a fairly long and full discussion with Mahatmaji on this matter from half past one to half past four in the afternoon.

I was not able to dissuade him from the fast. It will begin as announced on 2nd January 1933 I respectfully submit to friends that it would be waste of time to worry him with communications to dissuade him.

The vow is in respect of Guruvayur Temple only. The question having been focussed on that institution the vow is restricted to it. Whatever happens in other temple or in other matters regarding untouchability will not affect the decision. If an important temple elsewhere in the South is thrown open it will of course have its repurcussion on Kerala orthodoxy but the fast is in connection with the Guruvayur temple and Guruvayur temple alone.

MAHATMAJI'S CONDITION.

Mahatmaji's fast begins only if Sjt. Kelappan decides to go on his fast. Mahatmaji has already stated clearly that a justifiable postponement on Kelanpan's part automatically postpones Mahatmaji's fast also. What is justifiable is to be decided with reference to the following points:

Everything reasonably necessary to be done by fellow-workers in the cause and by the public should be done to get the temple opened to the Harijans. If this is shown to have been duly and fully performed, but legal or other unexpected difficulties crop up, and the opening is therefore not effected before 1st January, 1933. Sjt Kelappan must postpone his contemplated fast, and so also Mahatmaji.

The immediate thing to be done by the public is formally to record their desire to have the temple thrown open to the Harijans. This referendum should be systematically gone through and the public wish definitely ascertained and expressed in writing as at an election.

TRUSTEES' ATTITUDE

The agitation as well as the fast has been undertaken on the footing that the Guruvayur temple is a place of worship legally open to the Hindu public and that the Trustees are acting on their behalf and do not own it as their own property. The trustees cannot in law resist the clear expression of the Hindu public wishes. It would be a travesty of both religion and law to claim that the total exclusion of certain classes of Hindus is itself a technical detail of ceremonial on which the worshippers cannot decide but only the priests can. If the Trustees put the matter in court and a judicial decision has to be waited or if legislation becomes necessary, the fast may be postponed, provided that the ascertainment of the public desire is duly completed and there is nothing remaining but the removal of legal impediments.

NO COERCION.

Mahatmaji has no idea of coercing any one by his fast unless indeed the appeal of love or humanity is itself considered coercion. In that case, ignorance, superstition, cruelty or injustice of every kind that does not yield to reason and persuasion would be free to run its unimpeded course. He wishes to die as a Hindu by himself in case the professors of Hinduism insist on the maintenance of "untouchability". What we are ashamed of but would tolerate drives him an extreme step. It is a part of his nature. If we want him, we must be more sensitive than we are and quicker in conscience that we permit such other to be. There is no use blaming him for not being as callous as we are, indifferent the honour and the shame of Hinduism, as we have got to be. He does not merely profess Hinduism but values life as a step in an infinite ladder as Hinduism teaches. So Death is but a gateway to new life for him. Let us not blame him but try to save him for our own sakes. He asks us to see the Divinity in fellow-human beings, and shed the fear of doing the right thing in spite of long established habit of doing the wrong thing.

Lastly it is my painful duty to give a warning. Gandhiji has aged considerably since I had seen him on a former occasion. His vitality is not what it was before. A fast in January next will be a cause of anxiety from the fourth day and cannot be prolonged except by a divine miracle to beyond ten days. Once the fast begins the nation will be in too great anxiety to do any work.

EDITOR'S APPEAL DISMISSED

"Seditious Articles"

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Pearson delivered judgment to-day dismissing the appeal of Prasanna Kumar Pal, Editor of "Benu," a monthly magazine, convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate for sedition in respect of publication of two articles.

One of the articles related to Ramkrishna Biswas who was executed in connection with the murder of Tarini Mukherjee, Police Inspector at Chandpur.—A.P.

JUDGMENT RESERVED IN "Patrika" Case

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Judgment was reserved to-day in the contempt of court proceedings against the Editor and Printer of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika".

The Acting Advocate General stressed the necessity for newspapers in Calcutta knowing that it was no part of their business to make a comment either in favour or against any pending proceedings, particularly in a case of this kind, namely the Douglas Murder trial.

Mr. Justice Panckridge wanted to see the actual copies of the newspaper in which the two leading articles objected to had appeared. The copies were handed to him.—A.P.

'ZENITH' DRAKSHASAV.

Is The BEST TONIC Of The Day

ONE DOSE SUFFICES TO BRING ABOUT RECOVERY

is the usual verdict of the users of Squibb's Ague Specific, the wonderful remedy compounded with the aid of Indian and American herbs that are used from primitive times by the natives as cures for all sorts of fevers. It is absolutely harmless and can be administered in all ages both as a cure and a preventive for Malaria, Influenza, Ague, etc. The expressions below serve but as specimens of the high esteem in which squibb's Ague Specific is held by the public for over forty years, during which millions on millions of doses have tickled down burning throats to appease the fires of fevers.

"This medicine is used in our Mill two years since and in one dose the fever is stopped wonderfully. This medicine is effective in all kinds of fever; there is no doubt as to that."—J. M. Thoothee. Manager, Hathising Mill, Ahmedabad.

"Squibb's Ague Specific is doing wonders. All who have tried it are swearing by it."—G. J. Pacy, Loco Dept., A. & B. Ry. Assam.

SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC

MADON SONS & CO.,
Qualified Pharmaceutical Chemists. BOMBAY.

WALL STREET SELLING COTTON ON DEBT SITUATION

New York Prices Drop 15 Points

MARKET UNSETTLED WITH A NERVOUS FEELING

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

It is reported that political leaders in the United States are likely to oppose the move for postponement of December Debt payments. The question will be referred to the Congress with a recommendation to appoint a Commission to review the present financial situation. In these days of disturbed political situation operators are becoming nervous and as a matter of fact the decline of 15 points registered yesterday in New York cotton futures was mainly due to resumed selling by Wall-Street operators.

The New York cotton futures market was weak on aggressive selling, stimulated by weakness of Wall-Street and bearish political news from Washington. The market opened at a rise of 2 to 4 points. There was scattered business at the opening and the market ruled quiet but steady for some time. But later on increased selling by Wall-Street operators caused a decline. Nervous longs were liquidating and it is reported that most of the long interest in December delivery is liquidated and only moderate tenders are expected there was no resistence. Prices kept on declining throughout the day and closed at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 14 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 6.05c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was week and closed at a decline of 18 to 20 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 20 points at 5.91c

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at unchanged prices against an expected decline of 3 points owing to weakness of sterling. There was scattered Continental and Bombay Buying and trade selling. The market closed quiet at a decline of 4 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 5.50d.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures section was quiet and closed unchanged to a decline of 3 points as under:—

January	5.03—03
March	4.94—
May	4.94—

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures ring was comperatively steady and closed unchanged to a rise of 2 point:—

Sakel Spot	7.66—
„ Jan.	7.38+01
„ March	7.47—
„ May	7.55+01
Upper Spot	7.15+02
„ Jan.	6.81+01
„ March	6.80—

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was weak and closed at a decline of 19 to 7 points:—

Sakel January	14.10—15
„ May	14.55—19
Upper December	12.26—07

NO MATERIAL DECLINE.

Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co. state:—

Although no official reply on war-debts has yet been given by the American Government the trend of present discussions indicates a refusal of any moratorium and this has caused weakness in commodity prices.

President Hoover, however, is reported to be referring this question to Congress with a recommendation to appoint a Commission to review the financial position of debtor nations with a view to a revision.

In political circles it is believed, should Congress agree to such a Commission the payment of war-debts may not be insisted upon pending the investigations and a moratorium may be unnecessary.

Pending the result of present political discussions we may witness irregular markets but we do not look for any material decline in commodity prices.

SOUTH TO SHOW RESISTANCE.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee's Liverpool friends in the course of their report by mail state:—

"The New York Stock market of late has been displaying great nervousness with liquidation and short selling a feature encouraged also by the weakness of Cotton and Wheat. Ever since the last Bureau Report cotton has resumed a declining tendency for which the persistent and heavy hedge-selling has been in no small degree responsible. We should say however, that prices have now reached a level at which the South will show a certain resistance."

PRIVATE CABLES.

N.Y. January Highest 6.15 +.04, Lowest 5.95 —.16.

N.Y. March Highest 6.25 (10-7 a.m.). Lowest 6.05 (12-58 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

NEW YORK:—Weakness outside markets. Liquidation. Hedging Price fixing. Political leaders indicate opposition postponement December payments.

NEW YORK:—Declined on liquidation of December. Some Southern selling. Local. Commission houses and Wall Street selling influenced by decline in stock and grain markets. Think market a purchase on weak spots. Cotton goods market continues quiet. Yarn market very limited.

NEW YORK:—December liquidation about over. Except only moderate tenders for December. Think decline is only temporary.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

9-11 p.m., NEW YORK:—Liquidation; Wall Street selling on debt situation.

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable, dated 23rd inst. (5-6 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Advocate purchases around present levels as we consider market is ready to respond any world constructional policy which we consider not far distant."

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, November 23.

December	5.90—.14
January	5.96—.15
March	6.05—.17
May	6.16—.15
Middling Spot	6.05—.10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, November 23.

December	5.85—.18
January	5.91—.17
Middling Spot	5.91—.20

NEW YORK, 10-55 a.m
New York, November 23.
(As known in Liverpool closing time):—

January	6.10
March	6.20
May	6.30

NEW YORK: NOON CALL.

January	6.05
March	6.16
May	6.26

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, November 23.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	46,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	9,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	24,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, November 23.
10-10 a.m. To-day's Quotations. Price.

October 1932	....	....	.....
November 1932	....	....	5.21—.05
December 1932	....	....	5.20—.04
January 1933	.....	5.23	5.19—.04
February 1933	....	....	5.20—.04
March 1933	.....	5.25	5.21—.04
April 1933	.....	....	5.22—.03
May 1933	.....	5.26	5.25—.03
June 1933	.....	....	5.23—.03
July 1933	.....	5.27	5.24—.03
August 1933	.....	....	5.25—.03
September 1933	..	....	5.25—.03
October 1933	....	5.29	5.26—.03
November	.....	....	5.27—.03
Middling Spot	...	....	5.50—.04

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 23.

Sakellaridis, October	Not quoted.
November	7.34
December	7.30
January 1933	7.38
March 1933	7.47
May 1933	7.55
July 1933	7.62
October	7.72
F.G.F. Spot	7.66

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 23.

BROACH (Good Staple):—	
Fully Good	5.13
Fine	5.25
Superfine	5.37
C.P.	
OOMRA (No. 1 Staple):—	
Good	5.22
Superfine	5.37
Choice	5.52
BENGAL:—	
Good	4.44
Fully Good	5.54
Fine	4.64
SCINDE:—	
Fully Good	4.54
Fine	4.64
Superfine	4.74

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Nov. 24.

In sympathy with a sudden decline of 15 points in New York futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 210 for Broach A./M. delivery. The market opened quiet at Rs. 209/8 and declined to Rs. 207/12 on heavy selling by Bazar operators commission houses and Japanese firms. At the decline shorts were covering a portion of their floating unprotected interest which saved the market from a further decline and prices rallied to Rs. 208/8

Cables received from America to-day are not clear. It is said that moratorium will not be granted but big financial interest have assured require support to European countries. Yesterday sterling cross rate declined to 3.24 7/8 but later on rallied on promised suppor by American financial magnets. It is believed that the present decline is only temporary and a constructive measure for the improvement of trade is anticipated shortly

Later on the market ruled steady and prices advanced to Rs 209/4. At this level trere was renewed scattered selling and prices again ruled quiet. The market closed at 3.30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A./M.	208/8
Oomra D./J.	187/4
Oomra March	186/8
Bengal D./J.	168/4
Bengal March	168/12

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS
Bombay, Nov. 24.

November	195.10—10.10
February	190.20—13.70
May	189.40—10.60

READY COTTON SALES
Bombay, Nov. 24.

42 Phoenix Mill Kishangarh 155
100 G. Madhavji Miyagaon 205.
32 Narshi Nagshi Khamgaon 173-1/2.
100 E. Spinner & Co. Arvi + 12 on.
88 Birla Bros. Degaon 172.
50 G. G. Kesha & Co., Broach 200.
100 Devid Sassoon Broach 207-1/2
107 Birla Bros. Dhandhuca 186.
100 Ital India Khanna 165.
100 Bombay Dyeing Dhaboi 201.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Nov. 24.

	New.	Old.
Bengal Superfine	...	170
Bengal Fine	...	165
Bengal F. G	...	160
Sindh-Punjab Fine	...	165
Sindh-Punjab F. G.	...	160
Wardha-Hingt Fine	210	190
Nagpur Savner Fine	210	190
Yeotmal Fine	205	185
Arvi Fine	205	185
Ellichpur Fine	203	180
Amraoti Fine	200	180
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	200	180
Mulkapur Fine	195	175
Khandesh Fine	192	170
Muthia F. G.	...	165
Jalna-Sailu F. G.	...	170
Burwah Sanavad F. G.	...	180
Ujjain-Shujaulpur F. G.	...	175
Broach F. G.	...	200
Punjab-American	...	200
Punjab-American mix	...	190
Cambodia	...	255
Miraj-Sangli	...	205
Compta Good	...	205
Bagalkot	...	200
Busoga	...	310
Kampala	...	315

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, Nov. 24.

Castorseeds Delivery May, Opening Rs. 32|15, Closing Rs. 33|5.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February, Opening Rs. 32|15, Highest Rs. 33|5|6, Closing Rs. 33|5.

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS
Ex. Godown, Bombay.
Bombay, Nov. 24.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready per case of 84 lbs. Rs. 22.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 105 per ton.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.
London, November 23.

Java Sugar, fine white Dutch Standard No. 25 c. and f. Calcutta Nov.|Dec. per cwt. 8-1-1|2 sellers.

C. and f. Bombay, Nov.|Dec. per cwt. 7|10-1|2 sellers.

C. and f. Karachi, Nov.|Dec. per cwt. 7|10-1|2 sellers.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.
London, November 23.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 64 lb. Cargoes 24 Jan.|Feb. sellers.

Barletta Russo per 64 lb. Cargoes 23|9 Jan.|Feb. sellers.

Wheat South Australian Parcels 25|6 Nov.|Dec. sellers.

Wheat Choice White Karachi parcels No offers.

LINSEED.
London, November 23.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton £10:10:0 Nov.|Dec. sellers.

Linseed LaPlata c.i.f. (Hull) ton £8:15:0 Nov.|Dec. sellers.

Linseed Bombay (London) (Hull) ton Nominal.

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York—Liverpool:—Jany. 422, March 413; May 412.

Bombay—Liverpool:—Broach A./May (210) Liverpool May (5.14) Rs. 13-3/4 at Exchange 1/5.

Bombay—New York:—Broach A.-May (210)—New York May (6.16) Rs. 1/4 at 3.25-13/16 Cross Rate

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Nov. 23.

Spot Silver 26 5/8 cents.
December dely. 26.85—05
Tone:—Steady.

LONDON RUBBER
London, November 23

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. spot 2-21|32.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, November 23.

Chartered Bank of I. A. and C. £13-7|8.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg. £117-1|2.

P and O. Banking Corporation £8-1|2.

National Bank of India £43.

Funding Loan 4 per cent. £107.

Conversion Loan 3-1|2 per cent. £98-1|4.

Rupee Paper 3-1|2 per cent. £53-1|2 nominal.

Indian Stock 3 per cent. Sterling Loan 74-1|2.

Indian Stock 3-1|2 per cent. Sterling Loan £85-1 2.

Indian Stock 4-1|2 per cent. Sterling Loan £104-1|2.

Consols 2-1|2 per cent. £74-3|8.

War Loan 5 per cent. £97-7|8.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £106-1|2.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.
New York, November 23.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality Spot 8.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, November 23.

Interest day to day loan 0-1|2 p.c.
Interest 7 days market loan .....0-1|2 p.c.
Bank Bills 3 months 0-15|16 p.c. to 1 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months 1-3|16 per cent. to 1-1|4 per cent.
Fine trade bills, 3 months 2-1|2 per cent. to 3 per cent.
Fine trade bills, 6 months 2-1|2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, November 23.

T.T. London:

On Berlin	13.71
On Amsterdam	8.11
On Brussels	23.52
On Madrid	39.90
On Milan	63.68
On Berne	16.95
On Paris	83.28
On New York closing rate	3.26-7|8

LINSEED AND WHEAT.
Bombay, Nov. 24.

	Rs. as. p.
Wheat May	4 13 6
Linseed May	6 9 3

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Opens Strong

Bombay, Nov. 24.

The Liverpool cotton futures market was due to open to-day at a decline of 9 to 8 points, but the market opened very steady at a decline of 4 points and improved 2 points owing to further drop in Sterling Cross to 3.24 1/8.

INDORE MARKETS

Indore, November 24.

From Messrs. Gangdhar Waman and Co.:—

(Rate per Mani of 6Mds. Bengal).

SEEDS, WHEAT & COTTON:—

Wheat Bombay pass Rs. 23, 24.
Wheat Malwi Rs. 20, 22|8.
Wheat Pissi Rs. 18, 19|8.
Gram Rs. 18, 19.
Teelseed Rs. 45, 50.
Cottonseed Rs. 18, 19.
(Per bag of 95 seers).
Wheat Flour Maida Rs. 11|8.
Wheat Flour Rawa Rs. 11.
Wheat Flour Ata Rs. 8.
Wheat Flour Chapad Rs. 2|8.
(Per boja of 4Mds. Bengal).
Cotton Malwi Rs 80, 90.
Cotton Nimari Rs 70, 75.
Cotton Broach opening Rs. 210|8.
(Per candy).
Cotton Broach closing Rs. 213.

SHARE MARKET.

P. N. Bhandari Ltd L. State Mills Rs. 100, 51|8.
Malwa United Mills Ltd. Rs. 100-12|8, 348.
Hukumchand Mills Ltd. Rs. 100-10, 231.
Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (ordy.) Rs. 100|12|8, 152.
Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (pref.) Rs. 100|7, 101.
Nandlal Bhandari Mills Ltd. Rs. 100|3|8 89|8.
Rajkumar Mills Ltd. Rs. 100, 38
Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd. Rs. 100, 22.
Navayuga Mills Ltd. Rs. 50, 10.
Binod Mills Ltd. Rs. 100|12|8, 136.
Hukumchand Jute Rs. 7|8, 15.
Bank of Indore Ltd. Rs. 25, 21.
Gold Bar per tola Rs. 32.
Gold 97Cr. per tola Rs. 31|8.
Silver Rs. 51.

MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Nov. 24.

B.C. RATE—
T.T. 1|6 3|32.
D.D. 1|6 3|32.
LONDON BANKS SELLING—
T T 1/6 5/32 Nov.-Dec.
D D. 1|6 5|32
T T 1/6 1/8 Feby.
LONDON BANKS BUYING—
T T. 1|6 7|32
D D 1|6 7|32
8 Mos 1/6 9/32 Nov/March.
8 Mos 1/6 1/4 April.
NEW YORK B C. RATE—
T T 407.
NEW YORK BANKS SELLING—
T T 405
NEW YORK BANKS BUYING—
T T 402.
PARIS BANKS SELLING—
D D 627.
PARIS BANKS BUYING—
D D 637
AMSTERDAM BANKS SELLING—
D. D 61
JAPAN BANKS SELLING—
T T 85-1-2.
JAPAN BANKS BUYING—
60 days 82.
GERMAN BANKS SELLING—
D D 92/3/8
SHANGHAI BANKS SELLING—
D D 120-3-4.
SINGAPORE BANKS SELLING—
D.D 154 5|8.
JAVA BANKS SELLING—
D D 61 1-4.
BERLIN BANKS SELLING—
D. D. 103
CROSS RATES—
New York/London 3.25 1/4 23rd inst.
Shanghai/London 1/9 3/4 24th inst.
Japan/London 1/3 24th inst.
London/Paris 83.62 23rd inst.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

SHANGHAI, Nov. 24.

T. T. on London—	
Yesterday's closing	1.9 5/8
To-day's Opening	1.9 3/4
To-day's Closing	1.9 5/8
Difference	Unchanged.

London/Belgium 23.60 23rd inst.
London/Switzerland 17.00 23rd inst.
London/Italy 63.87 23rd inst.
London/Berlin 13.75 23rd inst.
London/Holland 8.13 23rd inst.
London/Stockholm 18.73 23rd inst.
London/New York 3.26 3/4 23rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Very firm.
Gold 22nd inst. £6:6:1: 23rd inst. £6:5:10-1/2.
Silver London Ready 22nd inst. 18 1/8; 23rd inst. 18 1/8.
Silver London Forward 22nd inst. 18 1/4; 23rd inst 18 3/16.
Silver New York Ready 22nd inst. 26 13/16; 23rd inst. 26 7/8.
London Discounts 3 Mos 22nd inst. 15/16 p.c.; 23rd inst. 15/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Mos 22nd inst. 1 3/16 p.c. 23rd inst. 1 3/16 p.c.
IMPERIAL BANK RATE—
4 per cent.
BANK OF ENGLAND RATE—
2 per cent.
MONEY—
Call 1 per cent.
3 Mos. 2 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 1|2 per cent.
TONE:—Easy.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

TAXABLES.
Bombay, Nov. 24.

	Rs.
3 1/2 per cent. G. P. Notes	72-8
4 per cent. 1931|36 Conv.	93-4
4 per cent 1934|37 Loan	97-11
4 per cent. 1960/70 Loan	84-10
4 1|2 per cent. 1934 Bonds	100-8
4 1/2 per cent. 1955/60 Loan	94-12
5 per cent. 1929|47 Loan	100-4
5 per cent. 1939|44 Loan	101-6
5 per cent. 1935 Bonds	101-10
5 1/2 per cent. 1938/40 Loan	103-6
6 per cent 1933|36 Bonds	101-6
6 1|2 per cent. T. Bonds	105-3

TAX-FREE.

	Rs.
5 per cent. 1945-55	106-0
5 per cent. 1933 Bonds	101-5
6 1|2 per cent. B.D.L.	106-2

STATE LOANS.

	Rs.
5 1|2 per cent. Mysore	104-8
5 per cent. 1955 Mysore	102-12

CORPORATION LOANS Taxables.

	Rs
4 per cent. B.P.T. 1974	78-8
4 per cent M. Deb. 1974	78-0
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959	94-8
6 per cent. M. Deb. 1954	106-4
6 per cent. K.P.T. 1956	106-0
6 1|2 per cent. B.I.T. 1937	104-8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 73/2 but declined to Rs. 72/6 on long liquidation influenced by discouraging news from America. At the decline there was short covering and prices improved to Rs. 72/8.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, November 23.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton, £11:12:6 Nov.|Dec. sellers.

Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton £12:0:0 Nov.|Dec. sellers.

Rapeseed Toria (Hull) Continent £12:0:0 Nov. Dec. sellers.

Bombay Stock Exchange

RATHER QUIET MARKET

Simplex Mill Shares Look Up

Bombay, Nov. 24.

The Share Bazar ruled quiet but steady and prices closed to-day a shade easier.

Simplex Mill Shares received some speculative support. It is reported this mill is making an average profit of Rs. 20,000/- per month. On this rumour there was improved demand and prices advanced to Rs. 13/12 when liquidation set in prices eased off to Rs. 58/12.

Tata Steel Ordinary Shares also registered sharp fluctuations. At the opening they were placed at Rs. 35/10 but bull operators were reported liquidating their holdings. Prices declined to Rs 35/- but some support was visible at the decline and prices rallied to Rs. 35/10. There was renewed selling and prices again declined to Rs. 35/-.

In other speculative counters there was scattered business. Particularly Andhra Shares were easy. There was a fair turnover of business to-day and reports of firm Washington had a disquieting effect.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov. 24.

Bombay Dyeing 667, 66, 67.
Century 200
Colaba 73
Crescent 39
Fazul 261, 59, 60.
Indore 351-14
Madhowji 7
Nagpur 276, 75
New Great 116, 115-10
Pearl 128, 27, 28
Simplex 61, 58.
Swadeshi 213, 12
Burma 371 72, 71-14
Hydro 136-14
Tram 110-5, 110.
Deff 160
Ord. 35-10, 35, 10, 35.
Bundi 5-2
Indian 186, 83, 82.
Kalni Ord. 65, 62
Alcock 139-6

TEXTILE SECTION.
Bombay, November 24.

Ahmedabad Advance	315
Apollo Mills	0-12
Bombay Dyeing	667-3
Century	200
Central India	275
Colaba Land	73 12
Crescent	39-6
Dawn Mills	485
E. D. Sassoon	0-3|12
Elphinstone	1-3
Ebrahim Pabaney	72-6
Edward Sassoon	25-0
Finley	92-8
Fazulbhoy	260
Gokak	105
Hindustan	1575-0
Indian Manfg.	1355-0
Indian Bleaching	146-4
Indore Malwa	351-14
Kastoorchand	6-2
Khatau	60
Kohinoor	140-10
Lakshmi	917-8
Morarjee	100
Indian Bleaching	146-4
Madhavjee	7-6
Model Nagpore	61-4
Mysore	90
New City	35
New Great	115-10
Pearl	128-12
Phoenix	290-0
Premier	1-0
Sholapur	2125-0
Sholapur Def. (94 F.P.)	95-10
Sassoon Silk	42-0
Swan	52-8
Simplex	58-12
Swadeshi	212 8
Tata Mills	15-0
Vishnu	1647-8

HYDRO & ELECTRIC SECTION.

Ahmedabad Electric	133-2
Andhra Valley Ordy.	1210
Andhra Valley Pref.	1080-0
Bombay Tram. Ordy.	110
Bombay Tram Pref.	70
Broach Electric	8-14
Karachi Electric	160
Surat Electric	125
Suburban Electric	115
Tata Hydro Ordy.	136-14
Tata Hydro Pref.	109-6
Tata Hydro 8 p.c. Deb.	107-14
Tata Power Ordy.	752-8
Tata Power Pref.	1160

MISCELLANEOUS SECTION

Alcock Ashdown	139-6
Burma Petrol r	2-11
Bombay Burma Old	371-14
Bombay Burma New	126/4
Bombay Steamer	218-2
Bombay Telephone	64
Bombay Burma 6-1|2 per cent. Deb.	54-10
Belapur Sugar	143-12
Indian Radio Ordy.	320
Indian Radio Def.	315
Indian Mercantile	32-8
McKenzies	60
New India Assurance	19
Jupito. Insurance	7
Oriental Insurance	2280
Vulcan Insurance	5-14
Port Canning	630
Scindia Steam	9-6
Tata Construction	56
Tata Iron S. Ordy.	35
Tata Iron & S. Def.	160
Tata Iron & S. 1st Pref.	134-6
Tata Iron & S. 2nd Pref.	63
Tata Iron and ordy.	352-10
Tata Oil	15-4

RAILWAY SECTION

Ahmedabad Prantej	638-12
Amritsar Patti Old	96-8
Central Provinces	75-4
Dhond Bharamati	73-0
Gujerat	58
Hosiarpur Doab	71-0
Larkhana	76-0
Mandra Bhon	60-0
Mymensing Rebate	75-0
Mymensingh Gtd.	76-0
Pachora Jamner	55
Sara Sirajgunj	74-0
Sialkot Narowal	81-0
Sind Light	43-0
Tapty Valley	613-12
Upper Sind Light	72-0

BANK SECTION.

Bank of India	94-0
Baroda Bank	75-4
Bombay Provincial	53-8
Central	19-4
Eastern Bank	65
Imperial F. P.	1187/8
Imperial P. P.	293-12
Union Bank	3-10-1|2

CEMENT SECTION.

Bundi Cement	15-2
Gwalior Cement	15-12
Indian Cement	182-8
Katni Cement Ordy.	165
Katni Cement Def.	590
Punjab Cement ordy	9
Punjab Cement Pref.	10-6
Shanabad Cement	163-12
Shivrajpur	16|12
United Cement	70

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

Ready Silver	55	14	0
December	56	2	0
January	56	7	0
Ready Gold	30	15	6
December	71	0	3
Sovereigns December	19	7	3
Gold Dec. Tejimandi	0	9	0
Silver Dec. Tejimandi	0	13	0
Silver January Tejimandi	1	8	0
Sovereign December Tejimandi	0	6	6

LONDON GOLD.
London, November 23
Bars gold fine per oz. £6:5:10-1|2

LONDON SILVER.
London, November 23.
Silver.—Market is very steady.
Spot .....18-1|8
Forward .....18-3|16

LINSEED.
London, November 23.
Linseed oil naked, London per cwt. 16|3 sellers December.
Linseed oil naked, London per cwt. 17 Jan.|Apl. sellers.

LONDON METAL.
London, November 23.
Copper Braziers £45.
Yellow Metal £38-1|2.
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £15.
Corrugated Sheets, 24 Gauge £16-1|8.
Tin English Ingots £154.

Here is your REMEDY

Why suffer longer?

URODONAL

rids the system of Uric Acid and other Urates which are the cause of Rheumatic and Gouty conditions.

It cleanses the Kidneys, disinfects the Urinary tract, regulates the bowels, induces healthy perspiration and CURES all Rheumatic affections no matter how long standing.

ASK YOUR CHEMIST.

Agents:—

MARTIN & HARRIS, LTD.

Bombay and Calcutta

BUY BETTER CLOTH

The attention of the public is drawn to the fact that from 19th November to 2nd December 1932 the products manufactured by

THE KOHINOOR MILLS CO., LTD

WILL BE ON VIEW AT THE

Millowners Show Case

AT

Victoria Terminus

"KOHINOOR" is the Hallmark of quality and RETAIL PURCHASE may be made from

BALKRISHNA STORES, MORARJI GOCULDAS MARKET.

The Mills Selling Agents are :—

CLOTH
Messrs. V. S. Apte & Sons,
Govind Chowk,
Mulji Jetha Market,
BOMBAY.

YARN
Nehalchand Laloochand, Esq.,
Tamba Kanta,
Pydhoni, BOMBAY.

THE GREATEST EPIC OF THE WORLD.

MAHABHARATA

TRANSLATED INTO ENGLISH PROSE FROM THE ORIGINAL SANSKRIT TEXT

By Mr. P. C. ROY, C.I.E.—Completed in Eleven bound Volumes, Size Royal 8 octo. Pages about 5000. Price for the complete work is Rs. 50-- Postage free. Instalment System—one volume every month per V. P. for Rs. 5/- and Postage annas ten only

THE RAMAYANA

By Mr. M. L. SEN, B.L.—Trranslated into English Prose from the original of Valmiki.

Completed in 3 pound Volumes. Pages about 1600. The book is illustrated with beautiful pictures. Price for the complete work is Rs. 10/- Post free.

THE SRIMAD-BHAGBATAM

Translated into English prose from the original Sanskrit. (Sloka by Sloka) of Krishna Daipayana Vyasa.

By J. M. SANYAL—Demy 8 octo. Will be Completed in 24 Parts or 6 Volumes First six parts are out, each part Rupee one with postage. First to 15th part bound in one vol. Rs. 5/- Postage Extra. Advance price for 24 parts Rs. 18. post free.

DATTA BOSE & Co.,
Publishers and Book-sellers, 6, Iswarthakur Lane, CALCUTTA.

SERVE YOUR NATION

YOURSELF and DEPENDENTS

by insuring your life with a Swadeshi Company. WESTERN INDIA OF SATARA is a purely Swadeshi insurance company, having a very efficient and economic management. Many facilities to the policy-holders and concessions to the agents. Apply for information.

MANAGER
WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD. SATARA.

"ARIEL," RACE TIPS

TRY ONCE and BE CONVINCED

Season Rates: 150/-
Daily card of four horses Rs. 20/-
Can be had at 60-61 & 62 MAHENDRA MANSIONS
Esplanade Fort Bombay. Phone: 21933.

TITAGHUR PAPER MILLS CO., LTD.

The Largest Paper Mills in India

JUBILEE YEAR

The Company was incorporated on 15th July 1882. Fifty years ago. From small beginnings with one machine we have increased and progressed so that to-day we have two Mills with eight machines, making 1,600 tons of fine quality paper a month, mainly from Sabai grass and Bamboo—the finest of Indian raw materials.

For all your work precisely the famous Titaghur ELEPHANT Brand Printings, Writings, Typewriting, Duplicators, Banks, Bonds, Browns, Imitation Art, Cover Papers, etc.

Managing Agents:
Messrs F. W. HEILGERS & CO.
Bombay Agents:—Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & CO.

SUICIDE FOLLOWS KISSING

Coroner's Strictures On Silly Behaviour Of Women-Folk

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"What is wrong in kissing or fondling a child of the family with whom he has stayed for years. If I had given cuts to anybody in my family for such a thing, my family would have been broken up long ago," remarked the Coroner of Bombay, at the inquest held this morning over the body of one Ramachandra Mangatram, who committed suicide this morning by swallowing sulphuric acid as he could not tolerate the insult that was offered to him by his uncle, who, not only rebuked him, but gave him cuts with a cane for having fondled and kissed a girl of six.

DISGRACE IN FONDLING.

Ramachandra, a thirty year old married man was working with his uncle Seetaldas Thirathdas, an Exchange Broker. He was also living with him at Walkeshwar Road.

Yesterday evening, he went home as usual at about 7 and it appears that he fondled the six-year old daughter of the brother-in-law of Seetaldas to which objection was taken by the womenfolk in the house. Seetaldas was informed by his wife that Ramchandra had misbehaved with the girl which was objected to by his mother-in-law. Seetaldas called Ramchandra and rebuked him, and as he thought he was bringing disgrace to the family by his misbehaviour beat him with a light cane. Ramchandra, who took it to heart, got up at 2 a.m. this morning and swallowed sulphuric acid and died.

GAVE HIM CUTS.

Seetaldas, the uncle of the deceased giving evidence stated that Ramchandra was living with him for the last 13 years, and he was practically supporting his family. Yesterday evening, when the witness went home, he was told by his wife that the behaviour of Ramchandra towards the daughter of her brother was very objectionable. His mother-in-law had seen him misbehaving, and had informed her daughter who in turn told her husband about it.

Seetaldas sent for Ramchandra and rebuked him for misbehaving with the girl. He also brought out a light cane and gave him some cuts. Ramchandra being oversensitive took it to heart.

At 2 a.m. witness's son woke him up and told him that Ramchandra was snoring badly. Witness got up, and on seeing that that Ramchandra was unwell sent for his family doctor who on examining him advised the witness to remove him immediately to a hospital. He was taken to the G. T. Hospital where he died this morning. The police who were informed, went to the house and found a bottle of sulphuric acid in the room. The doctor's certificate showed that when Ramchandra was taken to the hospital, his tongue, mouth and cheeks were charred and although he was conscious, he could not speak. He died of sulphuric acid poisoning.

CORONER'S STRICTURES.

Strong remarks were passed by the Coroner against the silly behaviour of the womenfolk in taking objection to a married man who had lived with them for years.—kissing a six-year old child. The Coroner added: "Well, now that he is dead, he will have no more chance of receiving cuts nor will there be a chance of his receiving cuts for kissing or fondling children."

A verdict of death due to "suicidal dose of sulphuric acid" was returned by the Coroner's jury.

Sergeant Finan of the Gamdevi Police conducted the investigations in the case.

PT. MALAVIYA IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya accompanied by his son Pandit Govind Malaviya arrived here this morning by the Punjab Mail and is staying at Birla Park. On arrival, the Pandit went to the residence of Mr. Sivaprasad Gupta, who has come here for treatment, and had a talk for about two hours.

Pandit Malaviya is expected to leave to-morrow evening for Benares.—A. P.

"Love Of Ireland" Comedy In Senate

LONDON, Nov. 24.

DUBLIN.—When the Senator, Doctor Gogarty rose in the Senate to move: "It is time to return to a policy of love for Ireland, instead of hatred of England", Government members rose together, and walked out. The motion failed owing to a lack of quorum.—Reuter.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

Established 1897.

Head Office: Empire of India Life Building, BOMBAY.

INTERIM BONUS INCREASED.
Ask for particulars.

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.
Managers.

BOMBAY RACES

LATEST GALLOP NOTES

Spanish Wish Impresses

WATCH COLLECTOR AND GAMVROS

The following gallops were noted at Mahaluxmi during the week:—

THE NILE (Brace) and ROMAN ROUE (Riding Boy) travelled a mile, the former moving well. A likely winner on Saturday.

IRAN (Clarke) was sent 7 furlongs. Very fit.

GARCON (Harding) went an easy mile gallop on the grass. Looks fit and well.

PRIVATE SEAL (Peck) had GLENALMOND (Howell) for company in a mile gallop. Fair.

IN THE GLOAMING (Kirby) and NO ARGUMENT (Simpson) covered a mile. The pair are in good trim.

SPANISH WISH (Selby) trounced EASTERN ESSEX (Peck) in a busk mile trial. The former should run well on Saturday.

GALLOPING MAJOR (Howell) and SWEET POTATO (Malone) impressed in a mile gallop. Both are well.

BLACK JEST (Aldridge) held HERO WORSHIP (Turtle) over 7 furlongs. Watch the former.

CARNELIAN (Brace) and EAGLE'S PREY (Riding Boy) were sent an easy mile gallop, but require more work.

GABREILLE (Flynn) defeated CONCILLIATOR (Maurice) over 9 furlongs on the tan. The first named should run prominently.

HEREMIA (Reynolds) showed up well in a mile gallop.

ASTERISK (Aldridge) had ROSEVILL (Turtle) for company over 7 furlongs. A fit pair.

CRUSTY (Marrable) beat GREAT PEARL (Purtoosingh) in a mile gallop by 3 lengths.

TRIUMPH (Stokes) shaped well in a mile gallop.

DILSHER (Turtle) was sent a mile at a steady pace. Very well at the moment.

SHINIAR (Selby) is in form and worked well over 1¼ miles.

LUCKY BOY (McQuade) showed to advantage against MANSHAD (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs. The former has maintained Poona form.

MURJAN (Marrable) and THE KNAVE (R. Boy) went 4 furlongs on the tan. A forward pair.

ARAB QUEEN (Stokes) went 1½ miles on the tan at steady pace. Must improve.

COLLECTOR (McQuade) put up a rattling gallop over 1 miles. A likely winner.

AL HAMIL (Simpson) went 10 furlongs accompanied by an Indian-bred horse. Looks well.

GAMVROS (Bullock) made a very favourable impression over 7 furlongs. May surprise.

ROSETTE (Brace) beat RATHEEN (R. Boy) over 6 furlongs.

SKY HAWK (Stokes) did well in a 7 furlongs gallop. Fit and well.

VENDOR (R. Boy) put up a speedy display over 6 furlongs. good.

TERNLET (Selby) held KIRKOSWALD (Alford) over 6 furlongs.

ROLL UP (Clarke) impressed over 6 furlongs. Keep an eye on him.

MESSAGE (Flynn) beat MONREALE (Maurice) by a neck over 6 furlongs.

VILEIKA (McQuade) went 6 furlongs. Fair.

HAPPY WARDEN (R. Boy) beat KNOCKDON (Brace) over 1 mile.

GREEK BURN (Black) did well in a mile gallop.

CAVERN (Howell) beat THAXTED (R. Boy) in a mile trial.

WAFADAR (Reynolds) beat THE VICEROY (Selby) over 6 furlongs.

ADHBA II (R. Boy) held NAINITALA (R. Boy) over 6 furlongs.

The following should be noted: KHAZZA; JOFFIE; AJIL PASHA and TARA.

Acceptances For Saturday

The following are the acceptances for Saturday's Races:—

1st Race (1-45 p. m.)

THE RAMADAN PLATE (Division) I. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500. Second Rs. 500; Third, Rs. 250.

Terms for Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winners, after 31st March, 1931 once, 7 lbs. twice 12 lbs., oftener 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Wafadar 9-3; Salma 9-3; Nainitala 8-12; Bunny Hug 8-12; Zareef 8-12; Raza Khan 8-10; White Gold 8-10; Firsan 8-10; Ajayib 8-10; Mumrih 8-3; Jhelum 8-0; Sammandar 7-13; Burzan 7-13; Kanzalzaman 7-13; Pailazaman 7-13; Nazam Bahadur 7-13; Joffre 7-6; Jawahir 7-6.

2nd Race (2-15 p. m.)

THE HAMADAN PLATE (Division II). Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second, Rs. 500; Third, Rs. 250.

Terms for Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winners, after 31st March, 1931, once, 7 lbs.; twice, 12 lbs.; oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Monogram 9-2; Dhubara 8-9; Wajee 8-8; Dimin 8-5; Elhadi 8-5; Vigo 8-5, John Taimur 8-4; Al Ghazi 8-3; Ramesis 8-0; Shaher 8-0; Flying Arab 7-12; Nosha 7-9; Grand Duke 7-9; Adil Beg 7-6; Dandy Duke 7-6; Saduzaman 7-6; Rid'ar 7-2.

3rd Race (2-45 p. m.)

THE HAMADAN PLATE (Division III). Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; Second, Rs. 500; Third, Rs. 250.

Terms for Arabs in Class III W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners, after 31st March, 1931 once 7 lbs.; twice, 12 lbs.; oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Braganza 9-7; Al Capone 9-3; Munir Beg 9-3; Tara 9-3; Taj Saud 9-2; Kummer 9-2; Lucky Boy 8-12; Mawsufa 8-10; Khaza 8-9; Commander 8-9; Good Evening 8-5; Thaboor 8-5; Tjil Pasha 8-3; Murjan 7-13; The Viceroy 7-13; Darlajung 7-12; Adhba II 7-6.

4th Race (3-15 p. m.)

THE STOCKTON PLATE. Distance—1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

Winner, Rs. 3,500; Second, Rs. 1,250; Third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Ballybrophy 9-0; Thaxted 8-13; Dios 8-11; Heremia 8-10; Dalymount Park 8-8; Gabrielle 8-6; Greek Burn 8-4; Grey Cloud 7-13 Tusculum 7-9; Black Bess 7-8; Asterisk 7-7; Holestone 7-6.

5th Race (3-45 p. m.)

THE LUCKNOW PLATE. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; Second, Rs. 700; Third, Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Qui Vive 9-4; Ascalon 8-13; Gamvros 8-12; Kirkoswald 8-12; Lazy Martin 8-11; Pas de Quatre 8-6; Roseville 8-6; Sky Hawk 8-6; Glenbuck 8-5; Royal Ace 8-4; Ratheen 7-12; Valicare 7-11; Phaltaneran 7-9; Kirkibost 7-8; Old Roy 7-7; Martin Princess 7-5; Poetry 7-0.

6th Race (4-15 p. m.)

THE JUVENILE HANDICAP. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; Second, Rs. 1,000; Third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses 3 and 4 years old only, in Class III.

Douceuse 9-2; Ternlet 8-8; Message 8-6; Jack's Darling 8-4; Raoul 8-1. Burnley 8-3; Knockdon 8-2; Fine Knight 8-2; Meredian 8-2; Mahalakshmi 8-1; Roll Up 7-12; Away 7-12; Vileika 7-10; Silver Salmon 7-6; Dandy Brush 7-5; The Mint 7-2.

7th Race (4-45 p. m.)

THE MENTMORE HANDICAP. Distance—1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 8,000. Second, Rs. 2,500 Third, Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Acumen 9-4; Galumph 8-8; Spanish Wish 8-4; Crusty 8-3; Mullingatawny 7-4; Iran 8-1; Highness 8-0; Glenalmond 8-0; Private Seal 7-8; Cavern 8-0; Garcon 7-12; The Nile 7-12; In The Gloaming 7-7; Amsel 7-5.

8th Race (5-15 p. m.)

THE WAVERTREE HANDICAP. Distance—1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 5,000, Second, Rs. 1,500; Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horse in Class II.

Charmaine 9-0; Seaton Ross 9-0; No Argument 8-0; Long Reign 8-11; Phare 8-7; Sweet Potato 8-3; Galloping Major 8-1; Belief 8-1; Lowland Raider 8-1; Great Pearl 8-0; Hero Worship 7-13; Tinder Gee 7-13; Financier 7-13; Rhonius 7-12; Jonathan 7-4; Turlogh 7-3.

9th Race (5-45 p. m.)

THE BYCULLA PLATE.—Distance.—1¼ miles.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; Second Rs. 1,400; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Dilsher 9-12; Saifuldowla 9-2; Khumayssa 8-1; Sarsam 8-8; Collector 8-5; Shiniar 8-3; Kaballa 8-1; Arab Queen 7-9; Al Hamil 7-8; Rushdi 7-7; Hazima 7-5; Anchor 7-0.

ALWAYS INSIST ON BUYING

RAVI-VARMA'S BEST INDIAN

"BHARAT"
525 Playing Cards

Attractive Design
Highly Glazed and
Excellent Get-Up

Yet CHEAPER in PRICE

AGENTS WANTED in Big Cities

Sole Distributors:— **Karamchand Ambalal & Co.,**
236, Bangdi Bazar, BOMBAY 3.
Telephone 22776. Telegram: "KARAMJUS."

HIMANI

Turkish Bath Soap

The Most Economical Soap for Families
Rs. **1/10** per Box (1 doz.)
Other Himani Soaps: Bakul, Jasmine, White Rose, Lavender, Khus, HIMANI (White), Sandal and MARGOSUL, COAL TAR, etc. for all tastes.
They are made by the manufacturers of the

HIMANI SNOW

For Agency Terms and latest Pricelist Apply Distributors
POPATLAL GHELABHAI & Co.,
104, Chukla Street, Bombay 3

WE ARE CLIMBING! SWADESHI

is the religion of every true Indian.

THEREFORE

it is but natural that a company founded by no less personage than the late Pandit Motilal Nehru and Hakim Ajmal Khan should

FLOURISH!

SEE THE GROWTH

Life funds increased by	...	...	150 per cent.
Investments " "	...	...	120 per cent.
Income " "	...	...	33 per cent.

Send for our prospectus.

TROPICAL INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
(Head Office: DELHI).

Bombay Office:
1, Bruce Street.

GUJARAT & KATHIAWAR:
J. N. DAVE, Esq., Chief Agent, Jethabhai Street, Khadia, Ahmedabad.

HYDROCELE

Provakar Oil Rs. 2. The best approved remedy for all types of Orchitis, Elephantiasts, Hernia, etc. Application removes pain at once and redness size and weight soon. A single trial will convince. KAVIRAJ R. SHASTRI, B.A., Kanchrapara (Bengal).

Manchester November Handicap Call-Over!

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Nov. 23.

The following is the call-over on the Manchester November Handicap:—

8/1 Cobequid, 100/9 Arena, 100/8 Isthmus; 100/7 Pahokee (taken and offered) Overall and Rocstar (offered), 100/6 Codicil (taken and offered) North Drift, Clogheen, Sans Espoir, Dictum and Scardroy (offered), 25/1 Lingerie offered (28/1 taken), 25/1 Guiscard and Epicure offered (33/1 taken), 25/- Silver Castor and Apperley, 28/1 Hypostyle and Disarmament, 33/1 Rocklige offered) and 40/1 Anna (taken and offered).—Reuter.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co. can give expert advice on all classes of Insurance.
J3

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR FHIROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1932

JUPITER
is a composite office equipped to do Insurance business in all departments.
J4

REVOLUTIONARY PLOT UNEARTHED BY BOMBAY C. I. D

SMART ARREST OF GOAN YOUTH IN DOCKS

Bananas And Revolvers

RAMIFICATIONS SPREAD IN GWALIOR, DELHI AND ALLAHABAD

The Bombay C. I. D. claim to have unearthed a deep-laid revolutionary plot and six young men, alleged to be members of a revolutionary party have been arrested.

Four high-powered revolvers and 30 rounds of ammunition found in the possession of one of the arrested men have been seized.

GWALIOR REVELATIONS.

During the search of the residence of some of the suspects at Gwalior, the police recovered a large volume of revolutionary literature and correspondence exchanged between the members of the party, which, it is alleged, reveal that the objects of the party were:——

To import fire-arms and ammunition.
To commit dacoities.
To plunder rich men.
To raid banks and
To murder Government and police officers.

ARRESTS IN BOMBAY, DELHI & GWALIOR.

The principal accused Manuel Britto alias Stephen Josef Fernandez, a Goan, was arrested in Bombay, while two men were arrested at Gwalior. The police also arrested two men at Delhi and another at Allahabad.

According to the police the members of the party were required to learn riding, motor-driving and shooting, so as to enable them to take part in revolutionary activities. Two of the accused who were arrested at Delhi, it appears, were undergoing a course in motor-driving.

ARRIVAL FROM GOA.

The smart arrest of the principal accused in Bombay led to the discovery of the alleged conspiracy. It appears Manuel Britto, a Goan, artist, landed in Bombay from Goa, on October 30 last, by s. s. "Hiravati." He carried with him a good deal of luggage which was scrutinised by the Customs Officials.

BANANAS & REVOLVERS.

With a view to disarm the Customs officials of any suspicion the suspect of his own accord opened a gunny bag, which was found to contain nothing more dangerous than ripe bananas. After a number of packnges were thus examined, a Customs officer noticed that the suspect was attempting to smuggle a small bedding. The bedding was searched and the officers were surprised to find concealed in it four high-powered revolvers and 30 rounds of ammunition. Britto was arrested and handed over to the Bombay C.I.D.

From certain papers found in the possession of Britto, the police found out that he was a member of the revolutionary party and was on his way to join other members of the party at Gwalior.

The police located two members of the party at Gwalior. They were arrested and a search of their residence yielded a large volume of revolutionary literature and correspondence exchanged between the different members of the party. Simultaneously, the police arrested two men at Delhi and one at Allahabad. It appears that with a view to avoid detection, the accused assumed different names at different places.

All the accused were at one time students at Gwalior and Britto is a matriculate of the Allahabad university and is besides an artist.

In the course of the investigations the police also seized a insured cover for Rs 170 which was posted by one of the members of the party from Gwalior addressed to Britto at Goa. The police allege that the members of the party were in communication with each other and there was an organized conspiracy on that part.

REMANDED FOR FORTNIGHT

Inspector Wagle of the Bombay C.I.D., who conducted investigations in the case put up Britto, the principal accused before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on a remand application.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to custody till December 8.

NEW DETENTION CAMP IN BENGAL

Drafting Of More Gurkha Soldiers

(From Our Correspondent).
CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

A new detention camp has been opened at Berhampore where detenus in large numbers are being transferred daily.

A battalion of Gurkha soldiers arrived Vishnupur, District Bankura on November 19. Soon after their arrival a printed address was presented to the captain of the battalion at a meeting attended by the local Government officials and a few others. To meet the officers of the battalion a tea-party was arranged on the following day under the auspices of the Troops Reception Committee recently formed with local S.D.O. as the Chairman.

A notice has been served on Mr. Natendranath Das, another pleader of Midnapore and Civil Disobedience prisoner recently released from Jail to show cause why his conduct should not be reported to the High Court, taking disciplinary action. Mr. Das was charged with misconduct under legal practitioners Act. It may be recalled such notices were served on two more pleaders of the same place.

EXPELLED FROM NON-BRAHMIN PARTY

Kedar Penalised For Joining Hands With Brahmins

(From Our Correspondent).
NAGPUR, Nov. 24.

The momentous Conference of non-Brahmin leaders from all parts of the Province, held at Wardha yesterday with Rao Bahadur Naidoo in the chair, adopted by a large majority a resolution expelling Mr. Kedar, the leader of the People's Party for joining hands with Brahmins and acting against the interests and creed of the non-Brahmin party.

The object of the Conference was to examine the policy of Education Minister, Mr. Deshmukh and other non-Brahmin members of the Central Provinces Council in relation to the principles and tenets of the party. The meeting took an unexpected turn when the Tenants' Association (whose membership is open to Brahmin farmers) was asked to state their definite attitude towards the non-Brahmin Party and given a fortnight's time. The Conference decided to start a non-Brahmin paper.

Charity Building Opened At Malad

(From A Correspondent.)
MALAD, Nov. 22.

Sunday last recorded a landmark in the history of the Kapole Bania community when Sir Jagmohandas Virjivandas performed the opening ceremony of the Seth Kanji Gokaldas Gujarati Hindu Nivas at Malad.

This building has been built by Mr. Chhotalal Kanji Gokaldas, at a cost of Rs. 30,000 in memory of his father, the late Seth Kanji Gokaldas Jivandas. The building provides accommodation for 12 Gujarati Hindu families, and supplies a long-felt want of the Gujarati Hindu community for cheap and airy accommodation in the suburbs. These tenements are to be let to desiring families at a nominal rent, just sufficient to defray the expenses of upkeep and repairs.

The family of Seth Chhotalal Kanji is well-known for its charities, amounting to 10 to 12 lacs.

When declaring the building open before a large gathering of Gujarati ladies and gentlemen, Sir Jagmohandas Virjivandas offered his congratulations and thanks to Seth Chhotalal for his donations for charitable purposes and stressed the necessity of vocational and industrial education among the Hindus, generally and the Kapole community in particular.

Sounding a note of warning about economic status of the Kapole community duriny these days of keen struggle for existence, he advocated a change in the direction of charitable actiivties and suggested the planning of a scheme for spreading industrial education in the Kapole community.

House Searches In Lahore

LAHORE, Nov. 24.

The offices and houses of about a dozen persons, including one Barrister and an Anglo-Indian woman were simultaneously searched this morning by the Criminal Investigation Agency. It is understood in this connection, that they are alleged to have been forging pronotes and getting false decrees. Certain documents were taken possession of by the police. According to the police, these persons have formed a League.—A. P.

Bank Rate Unchanged

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at four per cent.—A. P.

Interview With Mahatma

(From Our Correspondent).
POONA, Nov. 23.

Mrs. Cousins, Mrs. Urmila Devi, Mrs. Ambalal Sarabhai Desai and some other ladies had interviews with Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon, in connection with the removal of Untouchability campaign.

TO PROP UP FALLING STERLING

Wall-Street Offer To London Bankers

LONDON, Nov. 24.

New York.—According to the "Evening Post," it is persistently rumoured in Wall Street that J. P. Morgans have assured the London bankers that a substantial credit estimated at 100,000,000 dollars will be advanced to support the sterling if necessary, as a result of the payment of the debt on the 15th December. It is believed that the British balances in New York are adequate to meet the debt but a substantial part is the property of London Banks, and not of the British Treasury. It is opined that the payment of the instalment of the 15th December will leave the British balances too small to protect the sterling against speculative sales.—Reuter.

INDIAN LOANS STRONG

London Stock Exchange

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Nov. 23.

On the Stock Exchange overnight, the announcement from Washington that progress had been made in Hoover-Roosevelt conversation regarding war debt question followed by Mr. Chamberlains speech in London to-day further strengthened the gilt-edged securities, several of whom advanced substantially. Indian and Japanese loans also were strong; otherwise markets fluctuated. Commodity markets were featureless, but a steady undertone prevailed. On the Wall Street prices were declining under selling pressure.—Reuter.

Ban On Coffee Planting

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 24.

A Decree forbids new coffee-planting for three years.—Reuter.

CONSPIRACY CASE PRISONERS GO ON HUNGER-STRIKE

Protest Against Jail Treatment

RAJAHMUNDRY, Nov. 21.

Since 17 days, Vijayakumar Sinha and two Lahore Conspiracy case prisoners undergoing sentence in the Rajahmundry Central Jail have gone on hunger strike as a protest against their treatment as ordinary convicts, by stopping the usual supply of milk and ghee, under orders from the Inspector General of Prisons, Madras.

The Supeintendent of Jail, it seems, informed the hunger strikers that the supply is cut off under Jail rules, as the Punjab Government who transferred them to the local jail have not given them any class for privileged treatment, and pursuaded to give up the strike with the assurance that the authorities would communicate with the Punjab Government to do the needful. But the strikers are determined to continue the strike, till the grievance is redressed by the Government. The strikers have been resisting artificial and forcible feeding during the last four days.—A. P.

RECEPTION TO ROUND TABLERS

"Mac" Has A Word And Smile For Every Delegate

LONDON, November 24.

Mr. MacDonald, looking extremely well, had a smile and a word for every one of the thousand guests at the Government reception to the members of the Round Table Conference at Lancaster House. There was the usual distinguished company of the members of the Cabinet, diplomats and leaders in social, political, literary artistic and religious world.—Reuter.

HITLER GIVES UP JOB OF FORMING GOVERNMENT

BERLIN, November 23.

Herr Hitler has replied to Von Hindenburg, saying that in view of the President's conditions, it is impossible for him to form a Government with Parliamentary majority.

He suggests the formation of a "Presidential Cabinet" wih himself or another Nazi as the Chancellor, to be invested with dictatorial powers, so that it can dissolve the Reichstag, if it is obstreperous, rule without Parliament and dissolve the constitution.—Reuter.

Undergraduates Create Trouble In Oxford U. C. S.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Nov. 24.

Oxonians enjoyed one of the biggest free fights ever witnessed, when the University Communist Society was listening to an account of former members of the Navy of Invergordon trouble. A big party of undergraduates raided the hall which, within a few minutes, was strewn with broken chairs and shredded gowns. Dishevelled intruders amid ruins and jeers sang National Anthem.—Reuter.

Britain Must Pay Up

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Whatever other debtors do, Britain must grit her teeth and pay up promptly if America insists, is the point on which all British press commentators agree. Nevertheless, there is no tendency to minimise the difficulties. It is pointed out that the payment will necessitate a supplementary budget equivalent to further 6d. in the income-tax, and perhaps the French insistence on dissolving the Lausanne agreement.

M. Fladin, Finance Minister in a speech at Paris adumbrated the likelihood of summoning the Lausanne Conference again.

The "News Chronicle" foresees that if the situation is not handled wisely, it will be a source of long-lasting mischief and schism between Europe and America.

The "Times" says that repudiation by Britain would be eagerly followed by every debtor country all over the world and possibly even by private debtors with disastrous consequences.

Several papers express the opinion that the only way to avoid further serious dislocation of exchanges will be for Britain to pay in gold.—Reuter.

London.:—Californian Bowers Bourn has purchased 10,000 acres comprising the famous lakes of Killarney for presentation to Irish Nation.—Reuter.

Death has been occurred of Sir William Robinson, late Financial Secretary to India Office.—Reuter.

NO DECEMBER MORATORIUM

CONGRESS COMMISSION TO EXCHANGE VIEWS WITH FOREIGN DEBTORS

Debt Concessions Dependent On Disarmament, Hints Hoover

(Special Cable)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.

Mr. Hoover's attitude regarding war debts is outlined in a lengthy formal statement, in which, after declaring himself against the postponement of debt instalments due on the 15th December, the President recalls that he has frequently stated his opposition to cancellation. He does not feel that the American people should be called upon to make further sacrifices.

But he has held that the advantages to the United States could be found by other forms of tangible compensation than cash, such as expansion of markets for products of the United States' agriculture and Labour.

PREPARED TO CO-OPERATE.

"There is the other possible compensation in the economic relations which might be developed and which contribute to the recovery of prices and trade. Such compensation could be made mutually advantages.

These things might serve to overcome the difficulties of exchange in some countries, and meet the question of inability of some, who will otherwise pay. It is unthinkable that Americans should refuse to consider the request of friendly people to discuss an important question in which they, and we are both vitally interested, irrespective of what conclusions might arise from such discussions."

Mr. Hoover in his statement emphasises that the United States has always held that voluntary debt arrangements must be maintained in full integrity except as adjusted by mutual consent, and has always taken the position that it will deal with each debtor separately, and debts must be treated entirely separate from reparations.

He adds: "The United States owes no obligations of any kind to others, and no concession by us could be set off or balanced against the claims owed by us to any other creditor. On the contrary, every such concession would result in the inevitable transfer of the tax burden from tax-payers of other countries to tax-payers of our own".

He concludes by referring to the world Economic Conference and Disarmament Conference, adding that the problem of foreign debts in the American mind is very definitely related to the problem of disarmament and the burden imposed on the United States and the world by competitive armaments.

COMMISSION ON WAR DEBTS

WASHINGTON, November 23.

Mr. Hoover declares that no facts have been presented by the debtor Governments justifying the postponement of debt instalments due on the 15th December. He recommends that a Commission should be created to receive suggestions on the war debt problem and to "report to the Congress such recommendations, as they deem desirable."

Mr. Hoover suggests that membership of the agency to be created by the Congress should be completely or partially identical with the delegations to the Economic and Disarmament Conferences. He concludes by saying "If civilisation is to be perpetuated, great causes like world peace and disarmament recovery must prevail. They cannot prevail until the path to their attainment is built on honest friendship, mutual confidence and proper co-operation among nations."—Reuter's Special.

Reply To French And British Notes

LONDON, November 23.

Washington.—Mr. Stimson has delivered replies to the French and British notes.—Reuter's Special.

Britain To Supply Facts And Figures

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, November 23.

Mr. Hoover's war debt declaration is not regarded as unsatisfactory in authoritative British quarters. It is noted that Mr. Hoover has regarded the British approach as reasonable. The British interest now centres on what will happen on December 15. Mr. Hoover's statement that the debtor nations have not supplied facts justifying suspension is recognised as perfectly accurate. Therefore, it may now be expected that the British Government may despatch to America such facts and reasons.

The British view is that facts are abundant and powerful, and include economic disturbance not only in Britain, but difficulties ensuing from fluctuating exchanges, movement of capital and general disturbance of confidence, if payments are made.—Reuter.

Roosevelt Suggests Diplomatic Action

LONDON, November 23.

The best means of dealing with debts is diplomatic action by individual debtors. This is the opinion expressed by Mr. Roosevelt in the course of an interview aboard the train 'en route' to Atlantic. He declared that any single debtor Nation should be assured that courteous, sympathetic and thoughtful consideration would be given to any new conditions and facts adduced by the debtor, affecting any phase of indebtedness. Meantime, immediate questions raised in the French and British notes was the responsibility of the present Legislative and executive authorities.—Reuter's Special.

£ Drops Again

NEW YORK, November 23.

As a result of Mr. Hoover's decision regarding the debts, pound has slumped to a new low level for the year namely, 3.24-7/8.—Reuter's Special.

Payment In Foreign Currencies

WASHINGTON, November 23.

Mr. Hoover also suggests that where immediate transfer of the next payment in dollars involved losses to both sides, America will consider the proposal to accept transfers in foreign currencies. Political leaders are very much divided with regard to Mr. Hoover's suggestion of a debt commission. The position taken up by some leaders is virtually to eliminate, all possibility of debt, the question being seriously considered by the present Congress.—Reuter's Special.

Edited by LAXMAN GANESH KHARE, (Ag. Editor) and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., by KESARI NATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, and Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.